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TRADE STATISTICS DIFFICULTY.

OFFICIAL SAYS FIRMS
TO BLAME.

DUPLICATE INVOICES SAID TO
BE USELESS.

ADVICE OFFERED.

Interviewed by a *Telegraph* representative this morning in regard to complaints of local retail firms of difficulty in classifying imported goods, Mr. J. D. Lloyd, Superintendent of the Imports and Exports Department, was inclined to take the view that the difficulties were, in the main, due to the firms themselves.

It was stated in our leading article yesterday that the Statistical Office is compelled to prepare and send out each month several hundred query slips requesting shippers and consignees to declare correct weight, correct values and correct descriptions.

It was alleged that, despite the hundreds of headings into which the Classification List is divided, it is quite a common experience for firms to be unable to designate many of the sundries they receive except in a general way, and to remedy this it was suggested that a more general Classification List be adopted and that the practice of supplying duplicate invoices be followed.

Advice to Firms.

"I would advise all firms," said Mr. Lloyd, "to have in their possession the Classification List, and to refer to it whenever in doubt. Then they cannot go very far wrong."

"The Classification List was compiled by the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce, after many months of labour, and although it has been officially adopted, it is not a Government document. It is considered sufficiently comprehensive to meet the requirements for the Statistical Department, so long as it is adhered to by the firms."

"I certainly do not think that the Chamber of Commerce would be prepared to make alterations to it after they had spent such a long time in its compilation," emphasised Mr. Lloyd.

"The chief trouble in the filling in of the declaration forms," he added, "is that the firms will persist in using the proprietary name of an article. That, of course, is understood by those used to dealing in the particular commodity, but it conveys nothing to a clerk in the Statistical Department and is useless for statistical records. The Classification List sets out in full those goods which can be classified, and anything not mentioned in the classification must come under the heading of sundries (not mentioned).

Ordinary Common Sense.

"Such an entry as 'three gross of Enos' cannot be understood by a clerk at the Statistical Office, and it obviously must be classified under the heading for which it is allowed in the list. It seems that many of the firms do not possess a copy of the Classification List. It cost only 50 cents to purchase, and, when in doubt, reference can always be made to it and the difficulty overcome."

"It just means the use of ordinary common sense," added Mr. Lloyd.

Enlarging upon this, Mr. Lloyd said that the blame for incorrect entries in the declaration forms was often to be traced to slackness on the part of a firm's clerk, who, not being conversant with the Classification List, and being too lazy to refer to it, entered his goods straight from the invoices, so that they remained quite unclassified. Instances of this were known, and, in addition, it often happened that the queries sent back to the firm from the Statistical Office never reached the seniors, but were handled by the clerk.

Invoices Useless.

Asked to give his views on the suggestion of duplicate invoices, Mr. Lloyd said he failed to see how the idea could be adopted.

"It is necessary to remember," he said, "that invoices invariably refer to the trade name of the goods, and if these were submitted to the Statistical Office, they would be of literally no value for classification purposes. For a

NAMING THE NEW PRINCESS.

DUKE OF YORK WILL CONFER
WITH THEIR MAJESTIES.

DUCHESS DOING WELL.

London, Aug. 25. An indication of the excellent progress which the Duchess of York and the infant Princess are making is afforded to-day by the information that the Duke of York has motored from Glamis to Balmoral, where he is staying until Friday.

It is understood that while at Balmoral the Duke will discuss with the King and Queen the names to be given to the new Princess, and that in all probability the date and place of the christening ceremony will also be fixed. When he returns to Glamis, the Duke will immediately register the birth of his daughter with the Registrar, who is also the local Postmaster and general stores proprietor.

When the Queen goes to Glamis to see the Duchess, it is under-

BANDITS SEIZE ITALIAN PRIEST.

Father Brugnetti Falls Into
Brigands' Hands.

30 YEARS IN CHINA.

Yet another Catholic priest has been captured by bandits in China, the Right Rev. Bishop Valtorta having received a telegram from Nanyang-fu in South Honan, to the effect that the Rev. Father James Brugnetti has fallen into the hands of brigands.

Father Brugnetti, who is about 55 years of age, has been in China for more than thirty years. He belongs to the Milan Foreign Missions and the whole of his service in China has been in Honan.

No details of the outrage have yet been received.

stood that Her Majesty will take Princess Elizabeth back to Balmoral with her.

Sir Henry Simson, the Duchess's Physician, who left Glamis Castle to-day for a day's grouse shooting with the Earl of Strathmore, will start to-morrow on a few days motor tour.—*British Wireless*.

GLOUCESTER JOLT AUSTRALIA.

GODDARD AND HAMMOND IN FINE FORM.

London, Aug. 25.

The Australians are faring none too well in their match with Gloucester, although they skittled out the County team for only 72 runs on Saturday, when Hornibrook took four of the wickets for 20 runs.

Australia batted to-day and were dismissed for 157 runs. Pondsford was the highest scorer with 51. Goddard took half of the wickets, capturing five for 52.

Gloucester went in to bat again and made a much better showing than in the first innings.

When play closed to-day they had made 147 for the loss of only three wickets, Hammond being 76 not out.—*Reuter*.

ARMAN'S LATEST FLIGHT.

TO TANGIER AND BACK TO LONDON.

London, Aug. 25. Captain Barnard, the famous aviator, left Lympne aerodrome at six o'clock this morning to make a non-stop flight of 1,200 miles to Tangier. He expects to dine in Tangier early this evening, return to-morrow morning and dine in London to-morrow evening.

Captain Barnard was at present as though he were just going for a dip round the aerodrome. He was wearing a golf suit, white canvas shoes and hat. He is using a Plus-Moth machine, the same as he used in his flight to Malta.—*British Wireless*.

SEQUEL TO BOMB OUTRAGE.

POLICE CHIEF KILLS ONE ASSAILANT.

CONSPIRACY UNEARTHED IN CALCUTTA.

REVOLVERS DUMPED.

London, Aug. 25. An attempt was made to-day to kill Sir Charles Tegart, the Police Commissioner for Calcutta. Two bombs were flung at his car as he was motoring to his office. They exploded in the road, wounding the chauffeur and damaging the car. Sir Charles himself was unhurt. Leaping from the car he drew a revolver and shot one of the assailants dead. Then he chased another of the assailants, who was captured by a police sergeant. A third assailant was wounded by explosion. Sir Charles, who is forty nine, has been in the Indian police since 1901.—*British Wireless*.

Two Bombs Thrown.

Calcutta, Aug. 25. Two bombs were thrown at a car in which Sir Charles Tegart, the Police Commissioner, was driving to his office. They exploded on the roadway and fragments wounded the driver and damaged the car.

Sir Charles Tegart was unhurt but one of the assailants was hit by the fragments and it is believed was mortally injured.—*Reuter*.

Sir Charles Interviewed.

Calcutta, Aug. 25. Sir Charles Tegart was extremely calm when he was interviewed by Reuter and said the bombs landed one to the left and the other to the right side of the car. He took a revolver from a cupboard and told the driver to pull round. When the car had turned back ten or fifteen yards he saw a fellow lying at the corner of Dalhousie Square.

Sir Charles then jumped out of the car, ran to the spot and found that the man was badly hurt. He died shortly afterwards. Two bombs and a loaded revolver were found in his possession.

Another constable arrested another Indian who was bleeding and also had a revolver and a bomb. This man said he was a law student.

Sir Charles Tegart added that one bomb struck a coolie, damaged two motor cars and the front of a shop. Pieces of the bomb pierced the door of his car, another piece was embedded in one of the tyres while still another struck the driver of the car on the arm and slightly injured him. The bombs were of the Mills type, made from an aluminium alloy.—*Reuter*.

Students with Revolvers

Calcutta, Aug. 25. The law student arrested in connexion with the attempt on the life of Sir Charles Tegart is named Dinesh Chandra Majumdar. The police, assisted by armed Gurkhas, are searching a number of houses in the city, it being stated that five thousand revolvers of Japanese make were recently distributed among extremist students.

Conspiracy Unearthed.

Calcutta, later.

Seven arrests were made at midnight in connexion with the attack on Sir Charles Tegart. It is understood that searches revealed a list of names of members of a terrorist band planning outrages in Calcutta and throughout Bengal. Those arrested to-night belong to the same body as the Chittagong armoury raiders.—*Reuter*.

French Workers Reject
Proposals.

Paris, Aug. 25.

While a settlement of the Lille cotton and textile strike was effected at the end of last week, the wool workers at Roubaix and Tourcoing to-day rejected the employer's proposals and voted for a continuation of the strike.—*Reuter*.

Wool Strike Still
CONTINUES.

Polish Cabinet.

New Body Formed by
PILSUDSKI.

Warsaw, Aug. 25.

Marshal Pilsudski has formed a new Cabinet. This follows the resignation of the old one at the weekend when the Premier, M. Skawek, intimated that he could not carry on.—*Reuter*.

FATAL QUARREL ON SHIP.

JAPANESE FACES CHARGE OF MURDER.

TRIAL COMMENCES.

The services of a Japanese interpreter were requisitioned when a murder charge against Fumi Hagiwara, the quartermaster of the s.s. Saku Maru, was begun before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The accused is charged with the murder of a Japanese carpenter, Sogara Mishima, on board the ship, which was lying in Victoria Harbour, on August 23.

Mr. Somerset Fitzroy, the Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, instructed by Mr. Murphy, A.S.P., whilst Detective Sub-Inspector Dorling also was in Court. The accused was undefended.

Outlining the case, Mr. Fitzroy said the accused was charged with the murder of the carpenter on board the Saku Maru on August 23.

The accused, the deceased and two other men seemed to have dined together in some restaurant ashore, and the accused and the deceased seemed to have had a little too much drink, so that they became intoxicated. There also seemed to have been a certain amount of quarrelling on shore, as well as on the sampan which took them back to the ship. When they got on board, the carpenter went into the quartermaster's cabin, and there also some words passed between them.

At the northern border of Peshawar district, the Hajji of Turangzai and his emissaries have remained active among the upper Mohmands and the Utman Khel.

The Jirga of two sections of the latter tribe interviewed the Deputy Commissioner on August 16. They undertook to commit no more offences against the Government, to refrain from joining any hostile lashkar and to refuse passage to any hostile lashkar of other tribes.

In view of this undertaking their eleven prisoners captured at Pallai were released.

Tribal Agitation.

It is clear, however, that the Hajji has met with a good deal of success, among the upper Mohmands and possibly some part of the Utman Khel tribe and still has great hopes of raising a lashkar to attack the Peshawar district by way of Gandao. On the Kurram border, intensive bombing of the Massozai and Para Chamkanni has had a very good effect. The Massozai Jirga and the Jirga of one section of the Para Chamkanni have come in to Para Chinar to make overtures for a settlement. Agitation however has spread to other tribes.

Province Improvement.

On August 19, Ahmadzai Ghilzai collected a lashkar on Peiwal Kotal, in the neighbourhood of Ursar and Bargawisar. Reconnaissance aeroplanes were heavily fired upon from these two points and militia pickets in upper Urram were fired on from Ursar. Thanks to the excellent defensive measures adopted by the Kurram militia and village levies, together with the successful measures adopted by the local Afghan authorities to restrain the tribes on their side of the border, the hostiles dispersed after a few days without further committing themselves.

More Interest in Schools.

Provincial reports for the first fortnight of August continue to show a marked improvement in most Provinces. In Madras the number of breaches of the law and consequent prosecutions continues to fall. In Bengal the improvement has been marked so that it is possible to discern a tendency to return to normal conditions.

There has been less picketing, particularly in Calcutta, and the movement generally has much weakened. A good sign in several districts is the increased attendance at schools and the boycott of educational institutions seems to be falling off. In the United Provinces the chief features of the fortnight was an attack on the educational institutions, from which the Muhammadans, however, kept aloof.

Bombay Situation.

There has been very serious interest with studies at Allahabad, Benares and Lucknow Universities, but a recent report in the Press states that students have revolted at the first mentioned University against this interference with their future careers.

The Punjab records a definite and practically universal decline in Congress activities and the movement is moribund. The situation in Bombay City is more stable so far as law and order is concerned, but the economic conditions tend to deteriorate and more mills have been closed down. The above record of improvement must be qualified in certain respects. The boycott of foreign goods is still

INDIAN SITUATION IMPROVES.

BUT NO PROVINCES YET NORMAL.

CONGRESS MOVEMENT SAID TO BE MORIBUND.

TRIBAL ACTIVITY.

London, Aug. 25. In the weekly appreciation by the Government of India of the situation in India it is stated that by August 19 the Afridi lashkar had dispersed, although a few small parties still remained in the district. Congress emissaries from British territory are, however, reported to have passed up the Bara Valley to urge the Afridis to renew hostilities.

At the northern border of Peshawar district, the Hajji of Turangzai and his emissaries have remained active among the upper Mohmands and the Utman Khel.

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In view of this undertaking their eleven prisoners captured at Pallai were released.

TRAFFIC IN WOMEN AND
CHILDREN.

Far Eastern Inquiry Ended by
League Committee.

CHINA ORGANISATIONS.

Geneva, Aug. 25.

<p

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and far from well—
try SCOTT'S
Emulsion.

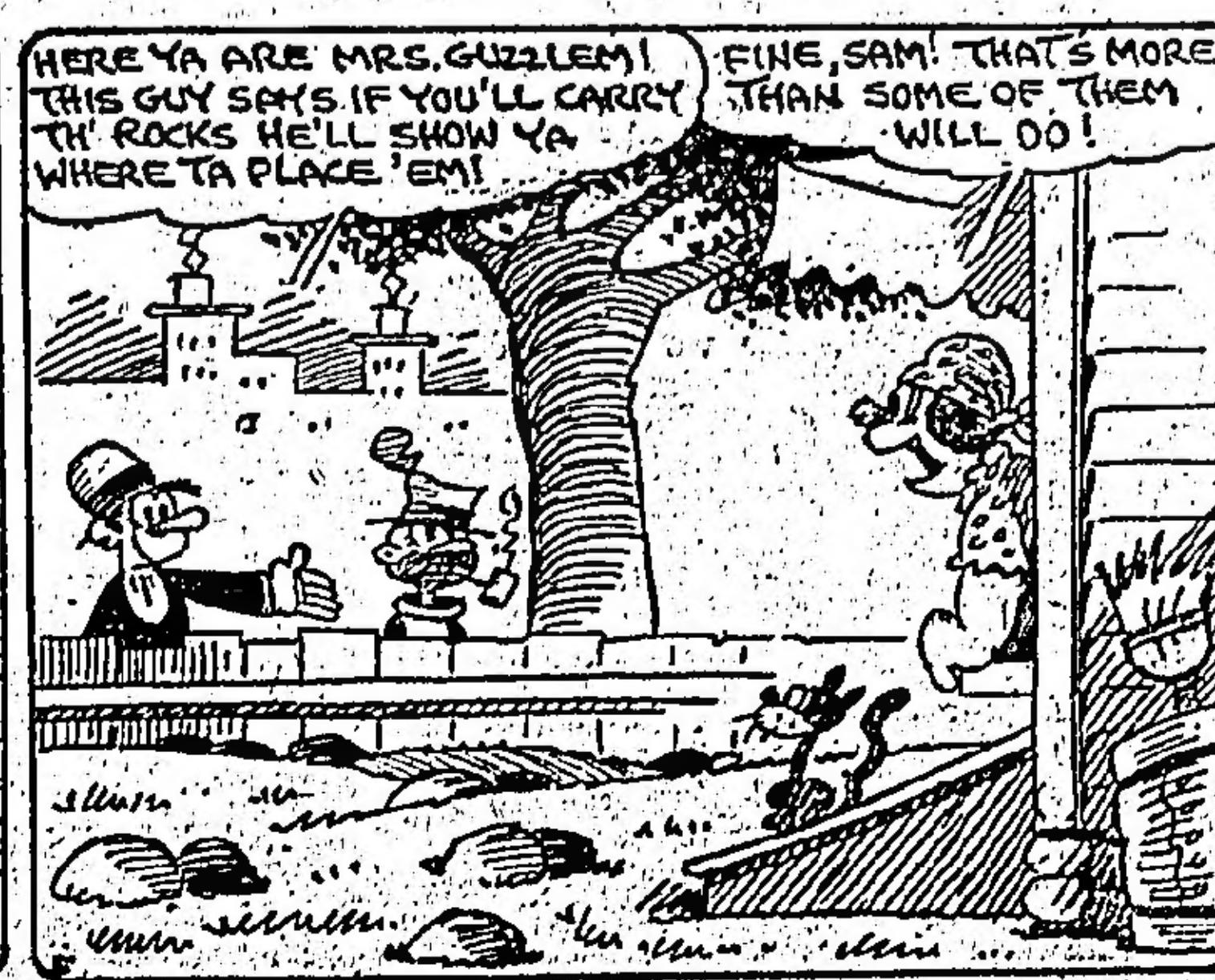
It builds up the body
heals the lungs and
tones up the system.
Ask for

**SCOTT'S
Emulsion**
The protector of life

SALESMAN SAM



Far From It!



By Small



**LAND DISPUTE CASE
CONCLUDES.**

**JUDGE DISAGREES WITH
REMARKS.**

An allegation that Counsel for the defence had obstructed and confused the issues rather than clarified them, was made by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, Counsel for plaintiff, when the land dispute action was concluded before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp) in the Supreme Court yesterday.

Mr. Potter said he did not intend to call evidence, but would make certain submissions and prove his case in law.

It was a claim by the plaintiff, as administrator of Lau Ping, deceased, for the assigning of certain property on the ground that the property was the estate of Lau Ping, and His Lordship would also appreciate that that was not only set out in the statement of claim, but that they asked for the assignment of the properties by defendant to them subject to all encumbrances. From those short relevant facts, he contended that a most important question of law arose.

The two properties were bought one 21 years after the death of Lau Ping, and the other 25 years after, with the monies of the Lau Kwong Yu Tong, and the plaintiff now came forward claiming that the property must be the estate of Lau Ping, simply because it was bought with Lau Kwong Yu Tong money.

(Counsel) submitted that it was manifestly obvious that could not be so. They might just as well say that the 14 millions of dollars profit, which was divided between the partners, was also of the estate of Lau Ping.

Failure to Prove.

Mr. Potter submitted that the plaintiff failed to prove his case. That firm, he said, carried on in the way Chinese firms were inclined to carry on, that on the death of a partner his sons stepped into his shoes, and although the English law showed there was no right of survivorship, they did not take regard of that, the sons being actual partners in the firm after the death of Lau Ping, and had signed the necessary documents to make mortgages as well as dividing the profits.

They were now contending that 25 years after the death of deceased, any specific property could be recovered as part of the estate of Lau Ping, because it had been bought with the money of Lau Kwong Yu Tong.

Quoting English Law regarding the dissolution of partnership after death or bankruptcy of one of the partners, Mr. Potter showed that unless specifically laid out in an agreement to the contrary, that procedure must be adopted, and the administrator could not be a partner of the firm.

According to the evidence in that case, after the death of Lau Ping, his two sons were invited by the surviving partners to become partners in the firm, which they did, and the firm became re-constituted in that way.

Administrators' Rights.

According to the Partnership Act Ordinance, certain rights were given the representatives of deceased, but they were given no right to come, after a period of 32 years, and say "Ah, this property was bought with Lau Kwong Yu Tong money, and the property is therefore the estate of Lau Ping," particularly when the estate had never been wound up. In no way could they claim that property as part of the estate. All, he (Counsel) was asking His Lordship to say was that the property was not the property of Lau Ping.

Two rights were given to the administrators under the Partnership Ordinance. Either that they could be awarded by Court an attributable part of the profits on the capital at the dissolution of the partnership, or, if that was not satisfactory, they could ask for eight per cent of the capital.

He submitted it was perfectly absurd to say that the property was the property of the Lau Ping's estate because it was bought with

You May Try Other Things

But Eventually Give Baby These.

Many people learn by experience and experience alone. Others wisely profit from the experience of their fellow men and women. Parents of babies and young children, who belong to the latter class, will read and ponder what Mrs. M. C. Dickson, of No. 3 Drieberg's Lane, Maradana, Colombo, has written regarding her experience with Baby's Own Tablets. For a mother will not lightly recommend for other children anything that has not passed her own rigid tests and convinced her of its safety and efficiency. Mrs. Dickson writes:

"I have given Baby's Own Tablets to two of my children, namely Barbara, aged four years, and Melroy, aged two years, and five months, for constipation, and I found they did them a world of good. I might mention that I had used other medicines before using Baby's Own Tablets, but the results were not very satisfactory. I think Baby's Own Tablets a very effective remedy for children and I have no hesitation in recommending them.

(Signed) (Mrs.) M. C. Dickson
Baby's Own Tablets correct infantile indigestion and constipation, check diarrhoea, expel worms, allay fever, colds and croup. They are especially invaluable during teething, easing the pains and thus inducing sound, natural sleep. Obtainable from chemists everywhere.

Lau Kwong Yu Tong money. That was a fallacy.

No Misconduct.

In dealing with the question of costs, Mr. Potter said the only thing that could deprive defendant of costs was misconduct and, of course, misconduct had never been suggested in the case because it could not have been suggested. Counsel further submitted that defendant was entitled to go before the Court and obtain its protection.

In his address, Mr. Sheldon said he agreed with most of the points made by Mr. Potter. He referred to what he described as a "startling" change of front on the part of the defense in the early stages of the case. Mr. Potter having previously explained that on further consideration of the matter, they decided that formal proof would not be sufficient and a thorough investigation must take place. The result of that change, said Counsel, was the pathetic sight of an administrator trying to do his duty with the aid of a British Court, and the most eminent Counsel in the Colony obstructing his administration of the estate which he was endeavouring to administer.

Allegation Denied.

Counsel added "Nothing has been too petty to be brought up by my friends."

Mr. Potter:—"Then I understand you allege we are trying to obstruct? We shall have to deal with that position some time. That is not true."

Mr. Sheldon:—"Don't interrupt me please, Mr. Potter."

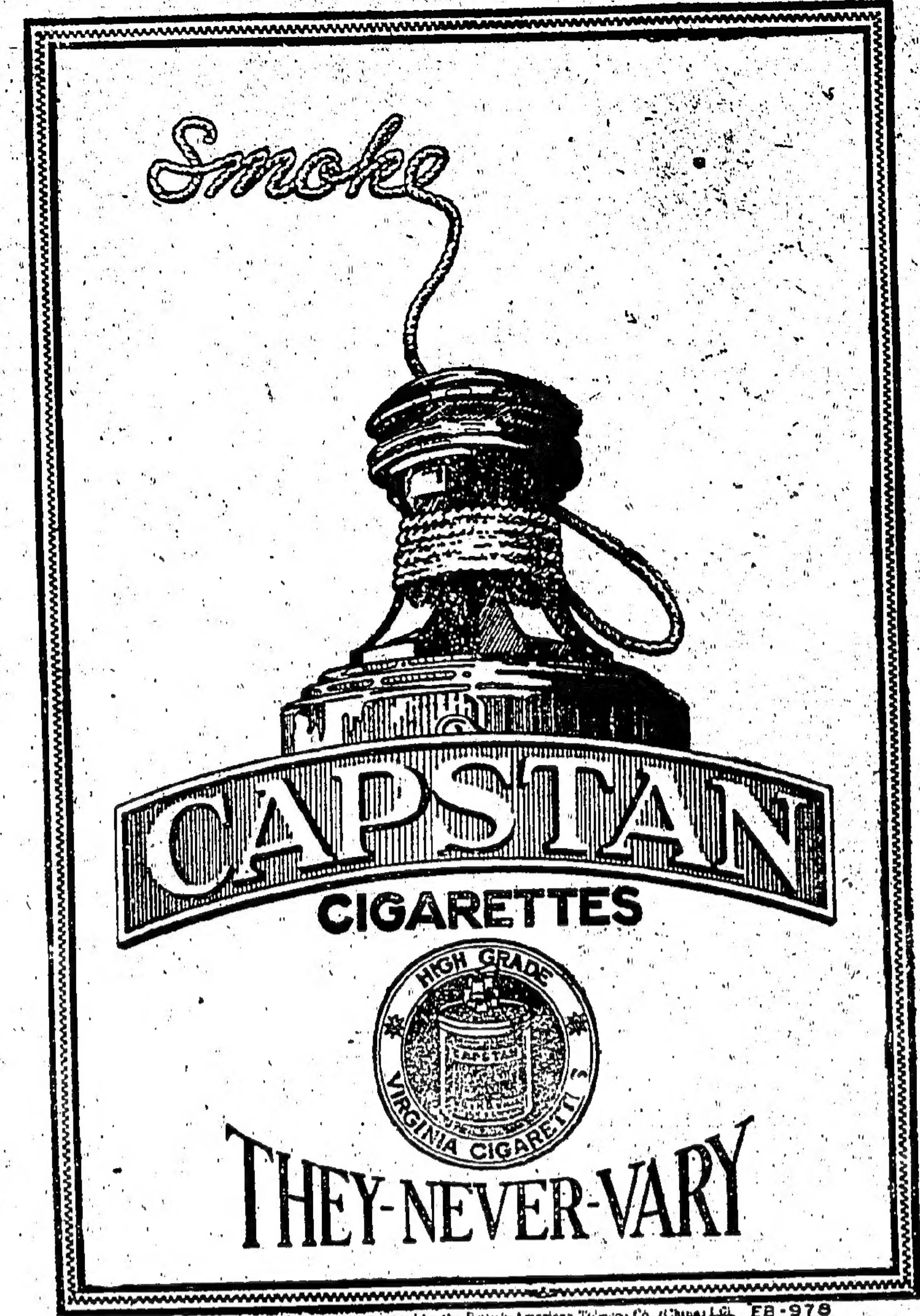
Mr. Potter:—"It is a matter of very serious importance to Mr. Jenkins and myself and we would like to know."

Mr. Sheldon:—"Nothing has been too petty to have been raised, which tended to obstruct and confuse the issues rather than to clarify it."

His Lordship:—"I don't agree with you, Mr. Sheldon, and I will say that now."

Mr. Sheldon said if his Lordship thought he was wrong he would withdraw his remarks.

Mr. Sheldon went on to deal with the evidence, saying his witnesses had sworn that the money in question had come out of the estate of the late Lau Ping. If there was any evidence at all that the money did not come from the estate, then that evidence was not before the Court. The only evidence before the Court was that



RUBBER POSITION.

**SIR CECIL CLEMENTI'S VISIT
TO JAVA.**

Singapore, Aug. 25.
In connexion with his visit to Java, Sir Cecil Clementi, the Governor of the Straits Settlements, informed the Legislative Council that the Governor General of the Dutch East Indies had agreed to discuss the rubber industry with him.

Sir Cecil Clementi added that clearly no solution can be achieved as to unilateral action in Malaya.

"It is essential that we have the views of the Dutch authorities."

Sir Cecil Clementi is returning on Tuesday next, and hopes the Malayan Government will then be fully informed as to the views of the Dutch, and be able to formulate a policy.—Reuter.

as was deposited to, that the money used was from the late Lau Ping's estate.

Counsel further stated that if there had been a breach of trust as he said, was alleged by the other side, then he would submit that it was only a technical breach and all the beneficiaries had agreed to the breach, which was the mortgages. If there had not been active acquiescence then it had been passive.

Regarding the breach, Counsel pointed out that a mortgage for \$600,000 was now worth only \$1,000,000, which was a profit of \$400,000, and in any case none of the beneficiaries had complained about the mortgages.

His Lordship reserved judgment.

**THE PROBLEMS OF
PALESTINE.**

**REPORT BY THE LEAGUE
COMMISSION.**

London, Aug. 25.
The report of the League of Nations Mandates Commission on last year's disturbances in Palestine is issued simultaneously with the observations by the British Government on the report.

The Commission is of opinion that the Arab outbreak was partly intended to resist the British policy of carrying out the mandate, and is of opinion that lack of insight in the administration and the absence of proper precautions, owing to inadequate forces, were largely responsible for the loss of many lives.

The Government protests against the procedure of the Commission, basing much of their criticism on *ex parte* statements, and feels that the Commission's grounds for believing the Arab outbreak was pre-meditated and directed against the British, are scarcely adequate.

The Government points out that since 1921, Britain has provided over \$2,000,000 to assist the Palestine Government, and further, guaranteed a loan of \$4,500,000 in 1927 for expenditure on public works; therefore it claims it has not been neglectful in development obligations.—Reuter.

against the mandate. The task of the Mandatory is particularly difficult. The League of Nations is entitled to expect the Palestinians to recognize in fairness, the merits of the system, the international bases of which they are not in a position to challenge.

Britain's Comments.

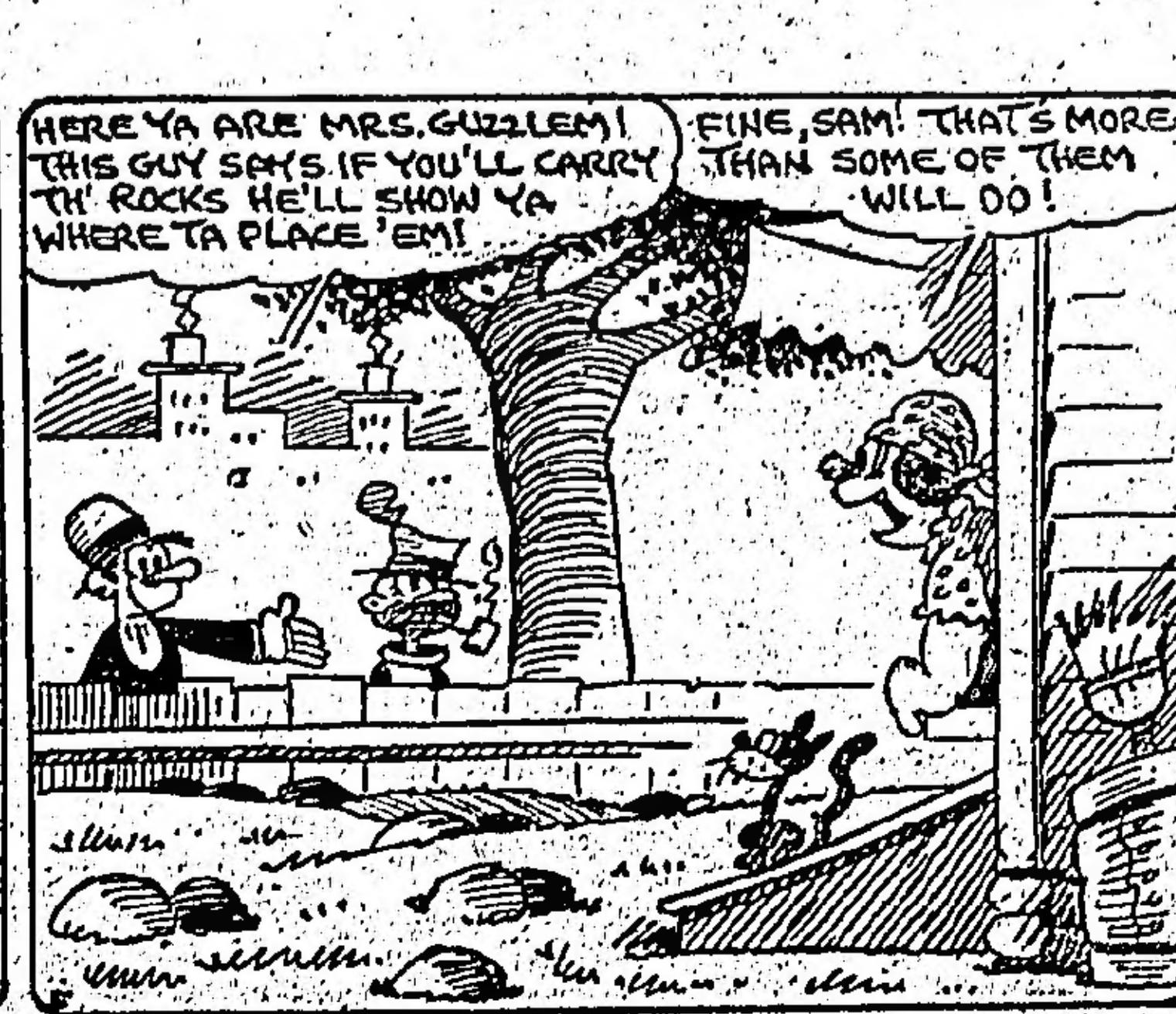
The British Government's observations say that the Commission appears to be disposed to acquit it of any charge of failure in its duties as regards the establishment of a regime of self-government in Palestine, and that generally speaking the Commission does not call in question the conceptions of the Mandatory as regards its future policy.

The Government protests against the procedure of the Commission, basing much of their criticism on *ex parte* statements, and feels that the Commission's grounds for believing the Arab outbreak was pre-meditated and directed against the British, are scarcely adequate. The Government points out that since 1921, Britain has provided over \$2,000,000 to assist the Palestine Government, and further, guaranteed a loan of \$4,500,000 in 1927 for expenditure on public works; therefore it claims it has not been neglectful in development obligations.—Reuter.

Previous Announcement.

London, Aug. 24.
The general report of the permanent Mandates Commission to the Council of the League of Nations dealing with events in Palestine last August and September will be officially published tomorrow, and at the same time the official text of the British Government's comments on the report will be issued in London by the Colonial Office.—British Wireless.

Far From It!



By Small

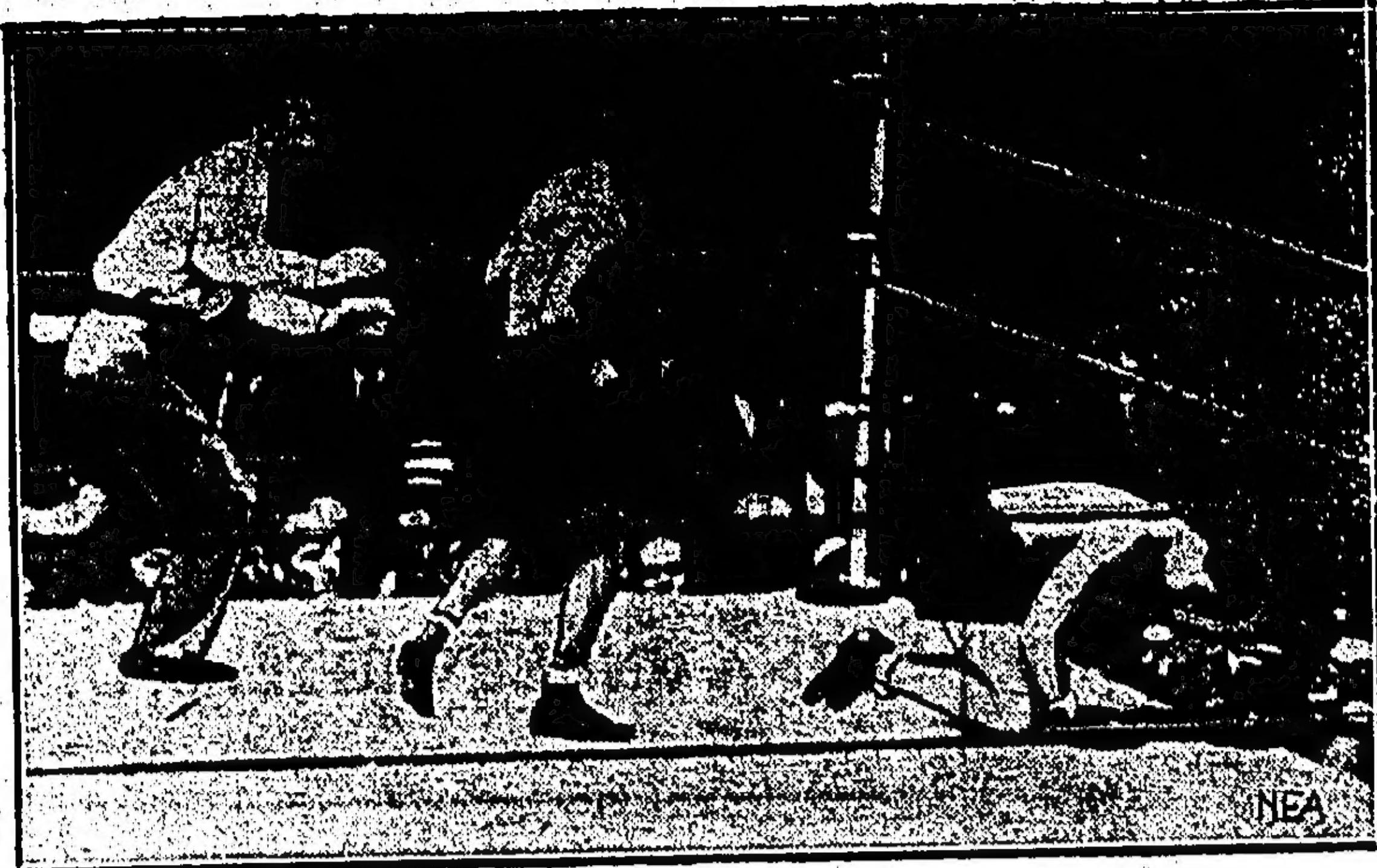
I'M CURIOUS TO KNOW SOMETHING ABOUT YOU—HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN OUT OF WORK?

MY MEMORY'S A BIT HAZY, MUM—

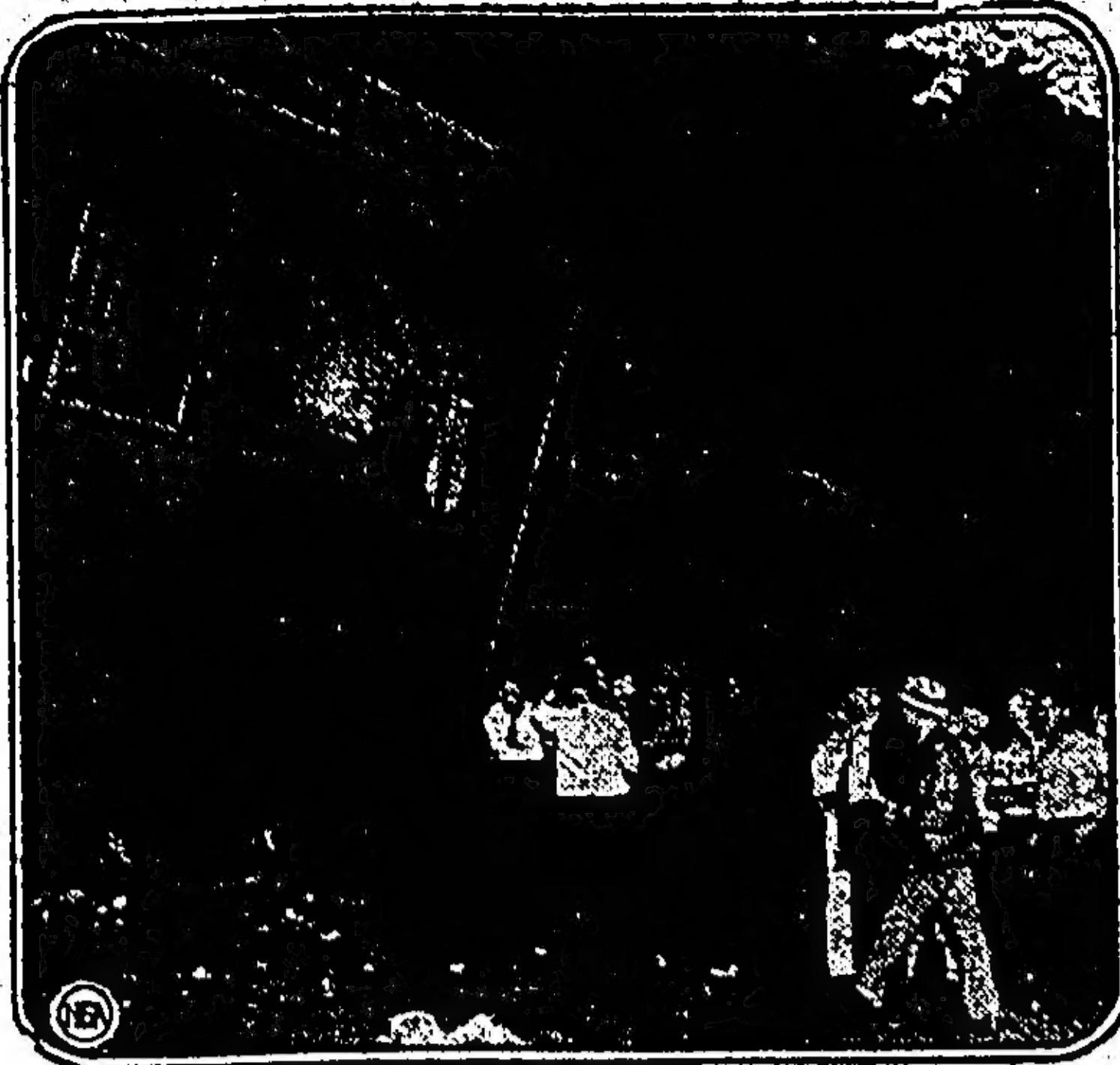
BUT I KNOW IT NEVER SEEMS QUITE LONG ENOUGH!

REX SERVICE, INC.





Three times Sammy Mandell was crashed to the canvas by Singer mitts and three times he rose. Then came the fourth time, as pictured above, and Mandell fell into the ropes and rolled off to be counted out while flat on his back. Singer, centre, became lightweight champion of the world. The end was reached after one minute and 40 seconds of the first round.



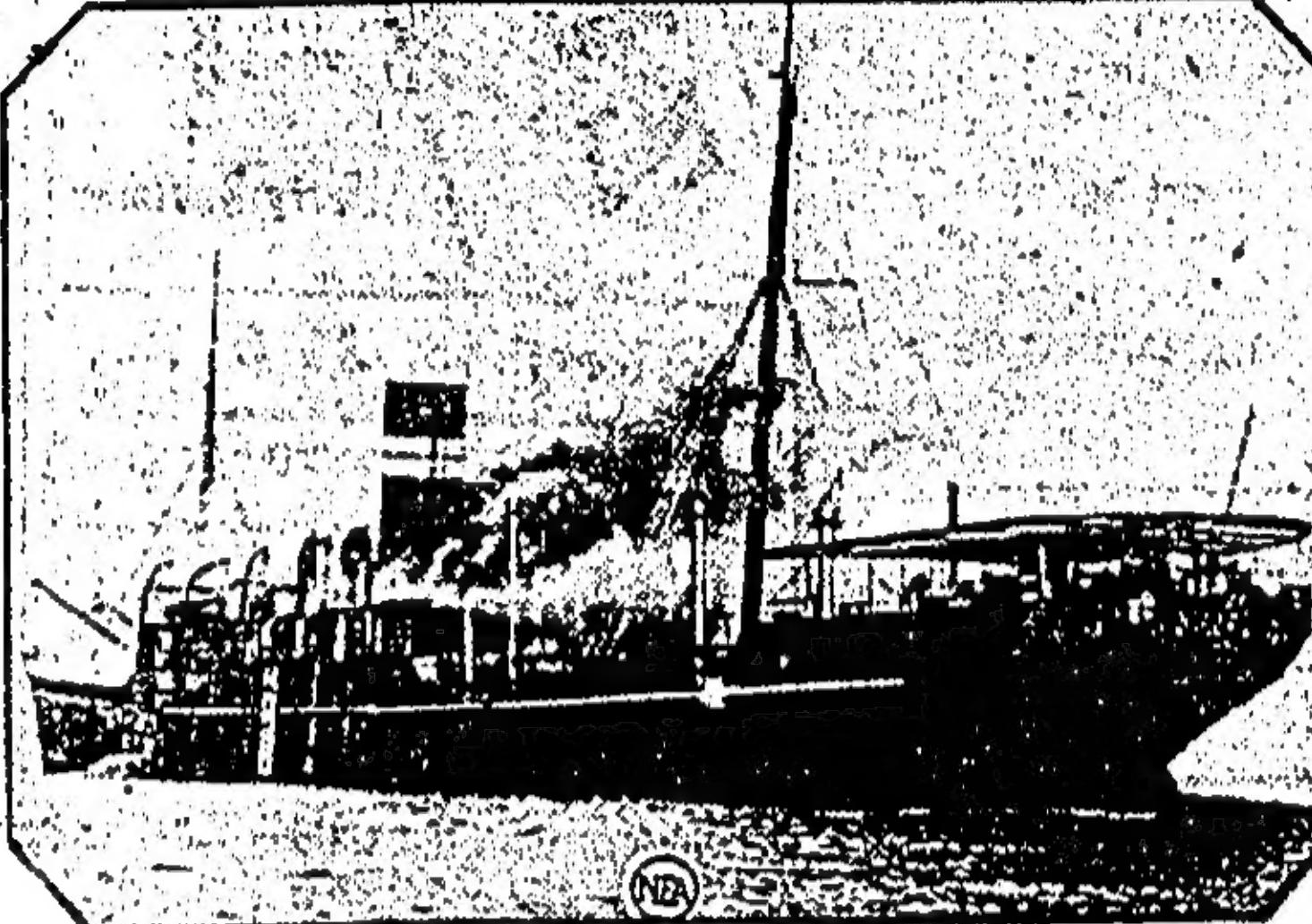
Two cars were sent hurtling down a 30-foot embankment while another, as shown above at the left, was left hanging precariously on the edge of a retaining wall, in the fatal wreck of a Philadelphia-to-New York Pennsylvania train at South Elizabeth, N. J.



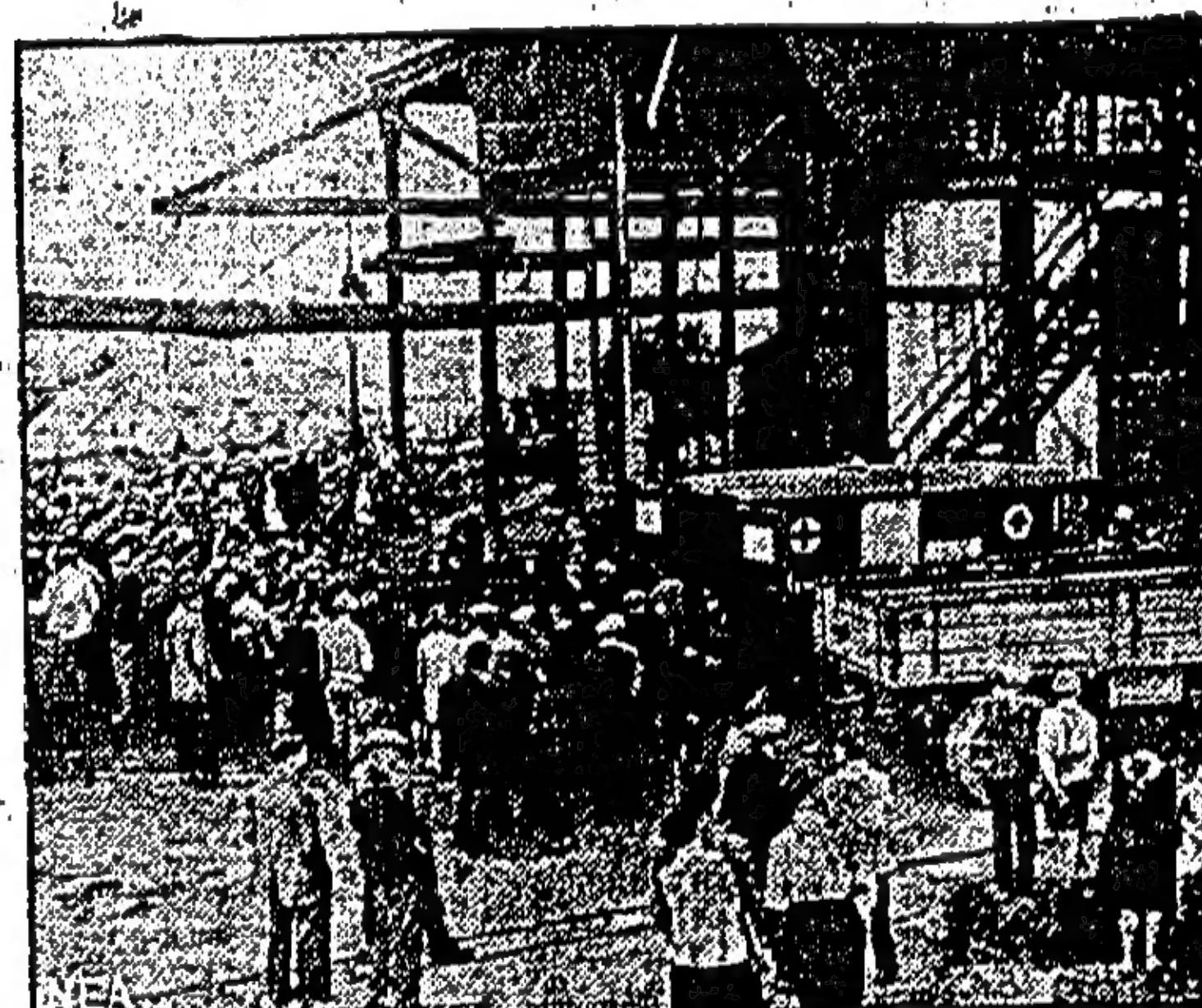
Thousands of eager Londoners lined the sidewalks outside St. Margaret's Church to get a glimpse of former Miss Maylis Gasque, heiress to many of the Woolworth ten-cent store millions, and John Roland Robinson, young barrister, pictured here immediately after their fashionable wedding.



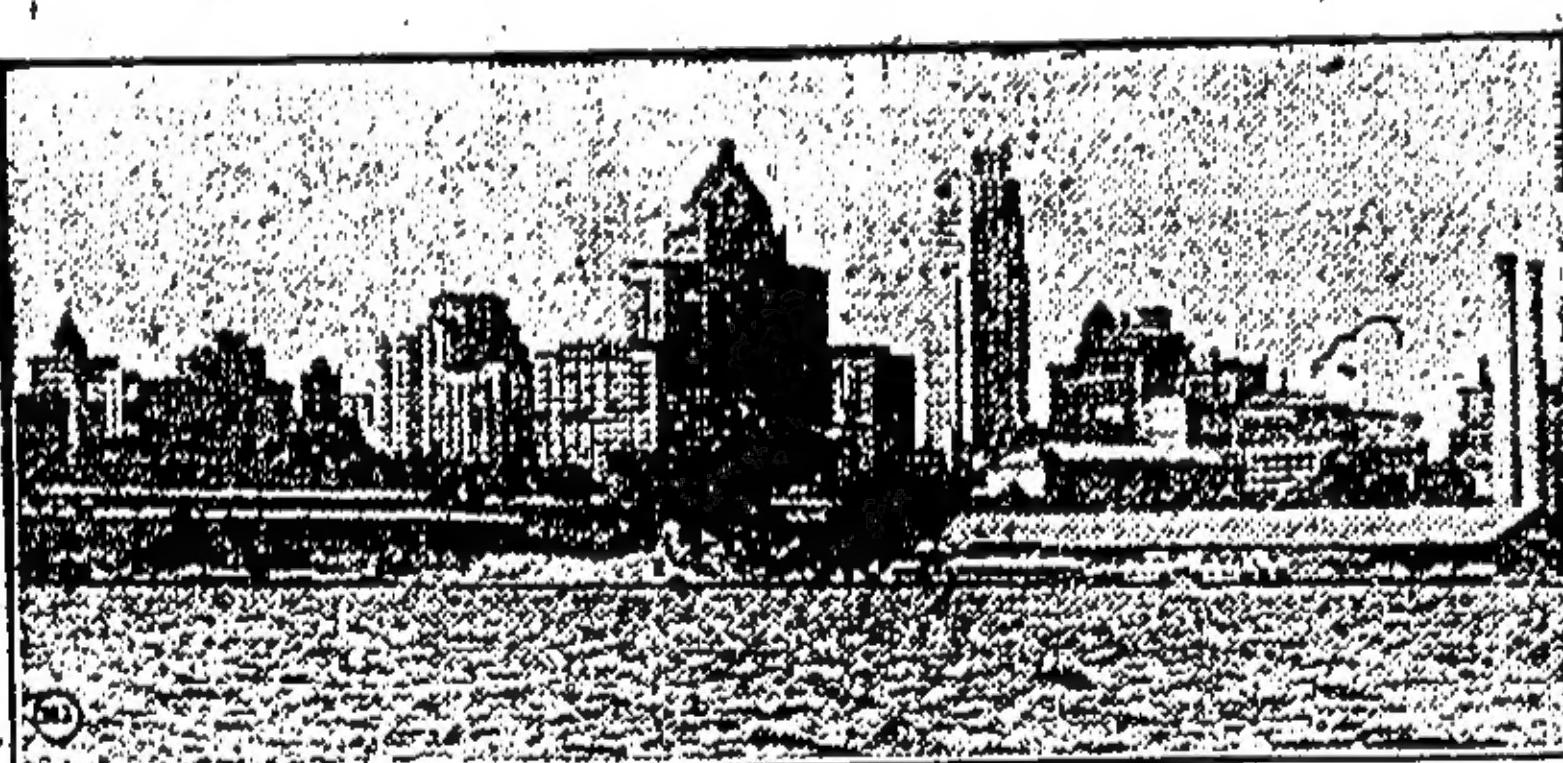
Titled victims of the mysterious mid-air explosion of a taxi-plane over Mepham, England, were the Viscountess Ednam (top) and the Marquess of Dufferin and Ava (bottom), an Irish peer. Two other members of the British aristocracy and the two pilots also were instantly killed when the plane, fell apart and crashed in pieces to the ground.



Flames raging in the hold of the British India line steamer Masula, as pictured above, off Gibraltar, threatened a major sea disaster. But passengers were safely landed and the fast-burning vessel, with fire licking its cargo of oil, was beached.



Grim disaster had struck a thousand feet underground when this picture was taken at the entrance to the Wencelius coal mine in Neurode, Lower Silesia, Germany. One hundred and fifty-one workers lost their lives in a subterranean explosion and here you see rescue workers and relatives of the victims as they gathered at the scene.



Latest picture of Toronto's ever-growing waterfront showing prominently the Royal York Hotel and Bank of Commerce building.



First pictures to be received of the recent disturbances in Egypt, which marked the visit of the former Premier Mustafa Pa-ha Nahas to Mansurrah. Above, is seen the Wafdist leader, indicated by an arrow, surrounded by his cheering compatriots who clung to his car.



A further picture of the recent disturbances in Egypt. Armed troops are seen drawn up and prepared to halt a parade of the supporters of the former Premier who is now opposed to King Fuad's government. The disturbances resulted in several deaths and many injuries.

The Raincoat,

most British of garments! The man so clad combats with ease the fickleness of our climate. And he does so smartly, for the modern raincoat is a tailoring job, well styled and sewn and lined. The outer fabric—usually a sturdy gaberdine—is weatherproofed for months of dry and comfortable service.

We are agents for the

Aquascatum

which we recommend as the most serviceable garment of its kind.

Mackintosh's



READY
TO MAKE
SPARKLING PICTURES

The blessed thing about Kodak Film is that wherever you get it (and you can get it everywhere), it is always the same patient, indulgent, invariable film. Cautiously printed on every carton is the date by which the film should be used. And the date is always so far ahead that the spool is used up long before its arrival.

So, in the quiet country village or the busy bustling town, Kodak Film is always obtainable, always the same certain film, always in new condition ready to make sparkling pictures.

KODAK
FILM

THE DEPENDABLE FILM IN THE YELLOW CARTON
Stocked by all photographic dealers.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.

24, Yueng Ming Yuen Road.
SHANGHAI.

Whiteaways
SALE

FINAL BARGAINS

ALL

THIS WEEK

Do Not Be Too Late.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

TO-DAY'S WANTS.

25 WORDS \$1.00.
(\$1.50 If Not Prepaid.)
The following replies have been received:
544, 545, 547, 550, 556, 593, 595,
598, 618, 634, 638, 639, 642, 650,
667, 671, 678, 683, 685, 691, 695,
705.

LOST.

LEATHER TRAY PURSE containing small sum of money and three keys. Finder please communicate with Box No. 701, "Hongkong Telegraph."

WANTED.

WANTED.—A Lady Teacher to teach General Subjects to two children, a boy and a girl, aged 11 and 8. About three hours, five mornings a week, for some months. Write Box No. 703, "Hongkong Telegraph."

LIGHTWEIGHT MOTOR CYCLE. Must be cheap exterior immaterial providing engine good. Write Box No. 702, "Hongkong Telegraph."

SITUATIONS WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER (lady) desires position in Hongkong, experience with position in Hongkong, experience with position in Hongkong. Write Box No. 704, "Hongkong Telegraph."

YOUNG MAN (British) seeks position as salesman, or in clerical capacity. Good references. Please communicate with Box No. 703, "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO BE SOLD.

33 THE PEAK, lately occupied by Dr. Harston and adjoining the Peak Hospital. Unfurnished. Convenient, comfortable and cool. Six rooms and dressing room. Four bathrooms, hot and cold water. Modern sanitation. Gas and Electric Light. Use of Tennis Court. Suitable for a Mess of five, or could be easily divided to suit two couples. Close to Tram Station and Motor Road.

THE HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED. Exchange Building.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

AIRLINE HOTEL—23-25 Nathan Road, Kowloon. Under European Management. Excellent Cuisine. Modern Apartments. Terms Moderate. Three minutes from ferry. Tel. 57357.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Immediate possession, No. 2, King's Park Buildings, Austin Road, Kowloon, 4 roomed FLAT with modern conveniences and Garage. Apply, Union Trading Co., Ltd., York Building.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Apply to Sang Kee, same Building.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

N. Y. K. LINE
(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"LIMA MARU," having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

The cargo for Hongkong ex s.s. "Tsushima Maru" was transhipped at Singapore into this steamer.

Goods not cleared by the 2nd September, 1930, will be subject to re-removal.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns.

No fire insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Hongkong, 26th August, 1930.

METALS
of all kinds especially for ship-building and engineering work. Complete stock. Best Terms. Immediate delivery.

SINGON & CO.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

HING LUNG SL.

CAR REPAIRS!

BRING YOUR CAR TO US—AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED.

FIAT GARAGE
67, Des Voeux Rd. Tel. 24821

New Advertisements.

TO-MORROW.

THE KOWLOON RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION

Announce the Fifth

PUBLIC BAND CONCERT

at the

KOWLOON FOOTBALL CLUB

(Chatham Road)

Wednesday, 27th August, 9 p.m.

Full Military Band

of the

2nd Bn. The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders

(Princess Louise's).

by kind permission of

Lt. Col. R. G. Maclaine,

and Officers

Admission Free

Seats 20 Cents

Chairs Reserved 50 Cents

Booking at Anderson's.

THE BRITISH CORPORATION

REGISTER OF SHIPPING &

AIRCRAFT.

Head Office:

14, Blythswood Square, Glasgow.

The Undersigned has been ap-

pointed Non-Exclusive Surveyor to

the above Corporation for Hong-

kong.

T. H. G. BRAYFIELD,

3, Queen's Building,

Hongkong.

Telephone No. 30231 (two lines).

Hongkong, 25th August, 1930.

THE BUREAU VERITAS

INTERNATIONAL REGISTER FOR

THE CLASSIFICATION OF

SHIPPING.

Head Office:

31, Rue Henri-Rochefort, Paris.

The Undersigned has been ap-

pointed Surveyor to the above-

mentioned Society for Hongkong,

Canton and Macao.

T. H. G. BRAYFIELD,

3, Queen's Building,

Hongkong.

Telephone No. 30231 (two lines).

Hongkong, 25th August, 1930.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY

NOTICE.

The Public is hereby informed

that a revised Timetable will come

into force on and from Tuesday,

26th August, 1930. Attention is

drawn to alterations to the time

of arrival and departure of

certain local trains.

As a result of improvements to

the track between Canton and

Shek Lung the through journey is

now reduced to 4½ hours.

It is hoped to resume normal

running by the end of the year.

R. BAKER,

Manager.

Kowloon, 22nd August, 1930.

NOTICE.

Some of the shareholders of the

Hongkong Realty and Trust Co.

Ltd. have prepared a Requisition

to be made to the Directors for

convening a Meeting to pass cer-

tain important Resolutions affect-

ing the Company.

Any shareholder desiring to see

or sign the Requisition should

apply personally to the under-

signed during office hours when

full particulars will be gladly

supplied.

HONGKONG SHAREHOLDERS'

ASSOCIATION,

O. P. RIBEIRO,

Hon. Secretary.

1st floor, Bank of East Asia

Building,

10, Des Voeux Road.

MASSAGE HALL.

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse

37, Queen's Road C., 2nd floor.

Tel. No. 23431.

THE JADE TREE INC.

Panmure, Holme and Alexandra Bdg.

Jade

Treasures of the Old

Dynasties, Superb Chinese

Pictures, Fine Carvings,

Peking Jewellery,

Famous Jade Tree Rugs.

New Shipment on Display

Lammer's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on WEDNESDAY,

the 27th August, 1930,

commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at Godown No. 18,

The Hongkong and Kowloon

Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,

Kowloon.

A Quantity of Miscellaneous Goods

comprising:-

Flour, Sulphate of Ammonia,

Iron, Steel Sheets, Glass Bottles,

Old Newspapers, Sugar, Matches,

Personal Effects, Hair Oil,

Cigars, Cigarettes, Wire, Acid

Bar Ends, Wood, Salt, Fish, Tea,

Razors, Plate Cuttings, Wire Rope,

Oil, Cotton Ware, Enamel Ware,

Hemp, etc., etc.

and

One Steam Launch "SEAGULL"

lying off the Godowns.

One Locomotive Boiler

One Stationary Steam Crane

(Smiths Lead), 5 Tons 18' Radius

(On View at K. M. Lot 49).

TERMS.—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received

instructions to sell by Public

Auction,

on Saturday,

the 30th August, 1930,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at No. 19, Jordan Road.

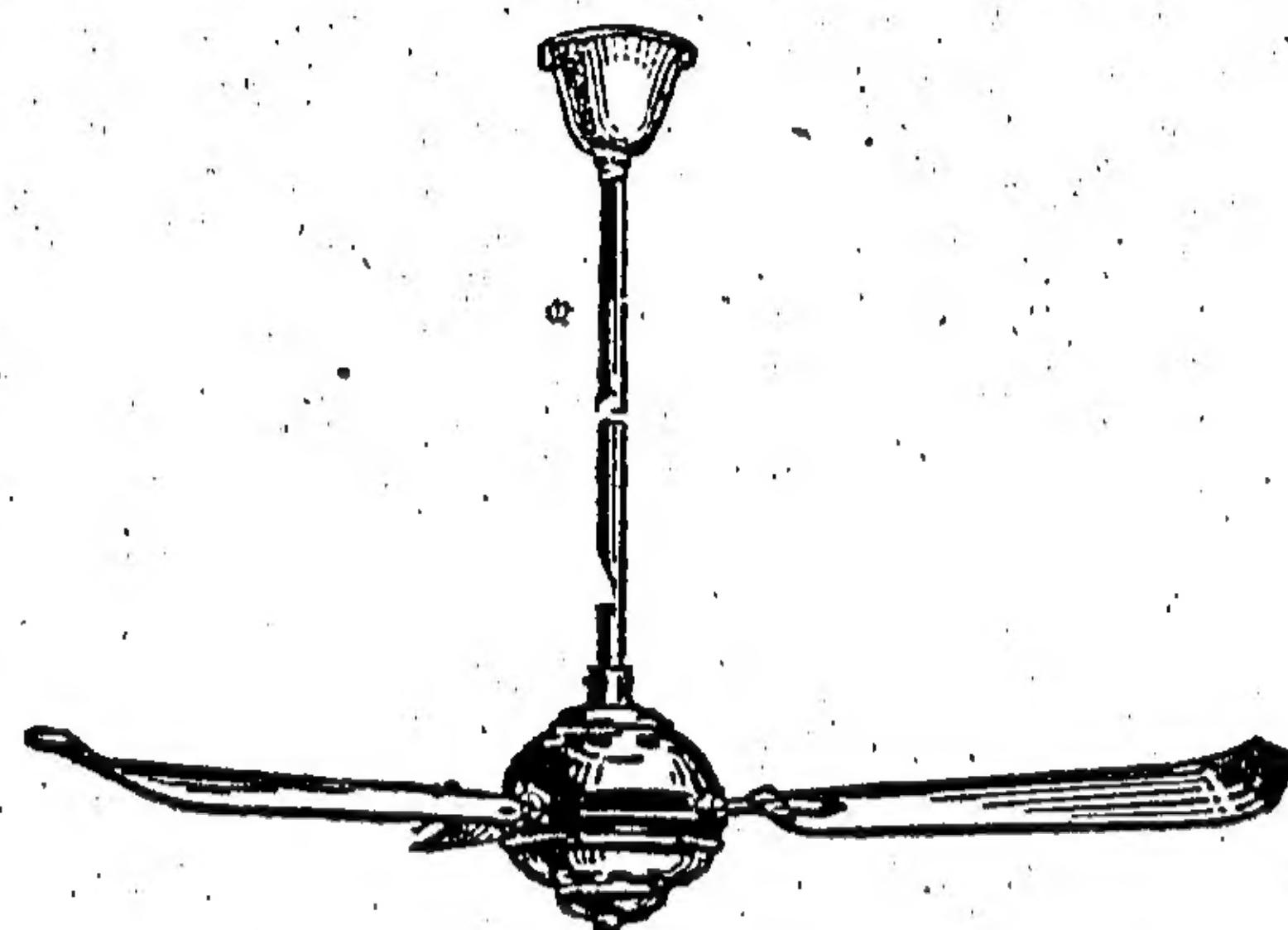
So soothing and grateful to the
tenderest skin

PEERLESS
ERASMIC
The Dainty  SOAP

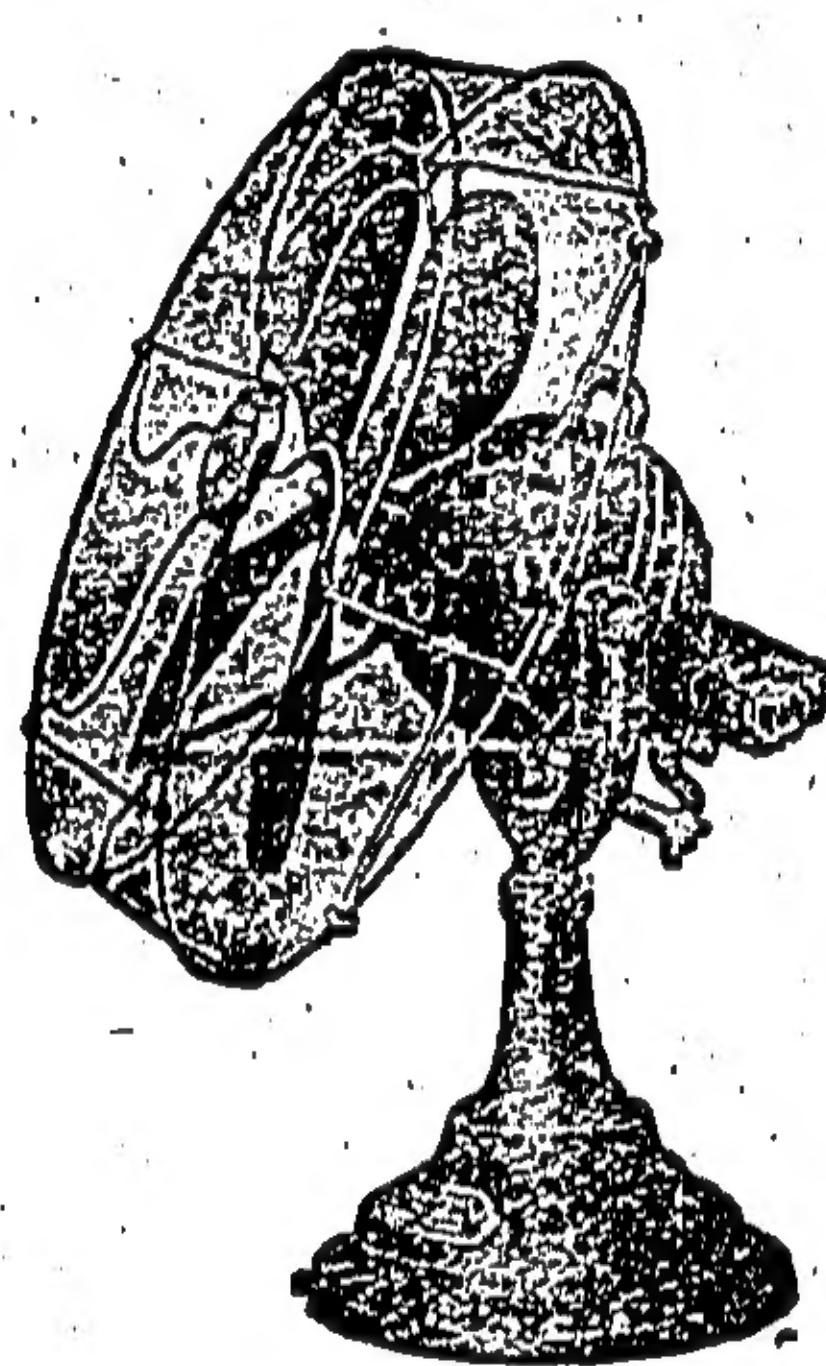
All Chemists and Stores have Erasmic Toilet Specialties

A.P.R. 24.

ALL BRITISH
"VERITYS" CEILING FANS



"VERITYS" DESK FANS

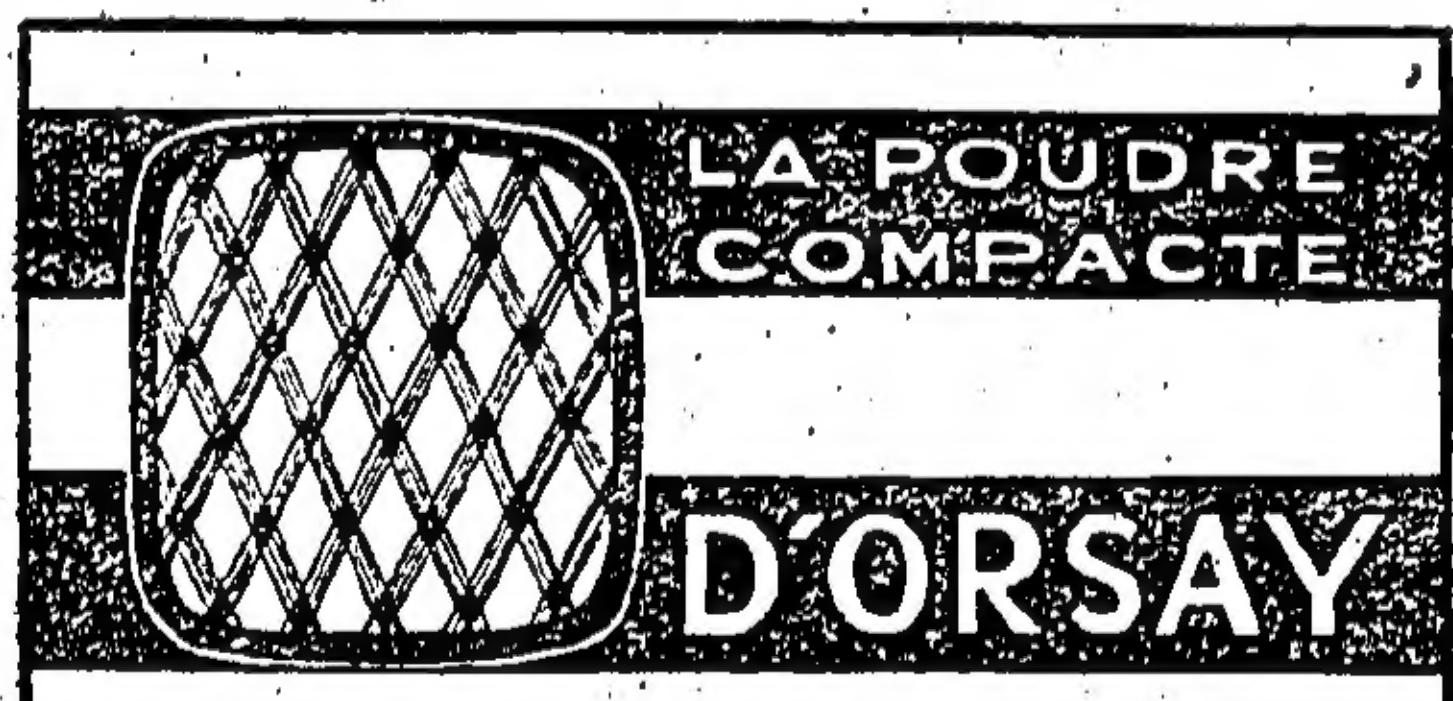


Stocks Carried

Prices and Particulars obtainable from

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

Sole Agents.
Tel. 27781.



THE LAST WORD
IN COMPACTS

The Colonial Dispensary
18, Queen's Road Central Telephone C. 21877.

DENTALINE

(Concentrated Antiseptic)
Is more than a mouth-wash—it
actually.

KILLS GERMS

Dentaline is an Antiseptic, Germicide
and Astringent.

Properly diluted it is delightful to
taste and refreshing to use.

THE PHARMACY

Atlantic Building, Tel. 20345, Queen's Road.

THE VALUE OF CELLULOSE

[By a Hospital Matron.]

Cellulose is the woody, pithy fibre which constitutes the bulky framework of fruits and vegetables. It is absolutely essential to health, and we should be careful to include a sufficiency of the cellulose containing foods in our daily dietary.

Cellulose is certainly indigestible in the sense that it cannot be converted into actual nourishment, and so be assimilated by the tissues, but it has a supreme function of its own. It has a very special function in the gastrointestinal tract, wherein it is never intended to be absorbed but is meant to act as roughage. By virtue of its bulk, it stimulates the muscular walls of the alimentary canal to vigorous contraction, and it also subjects them to a thorough, mechanical scouring.

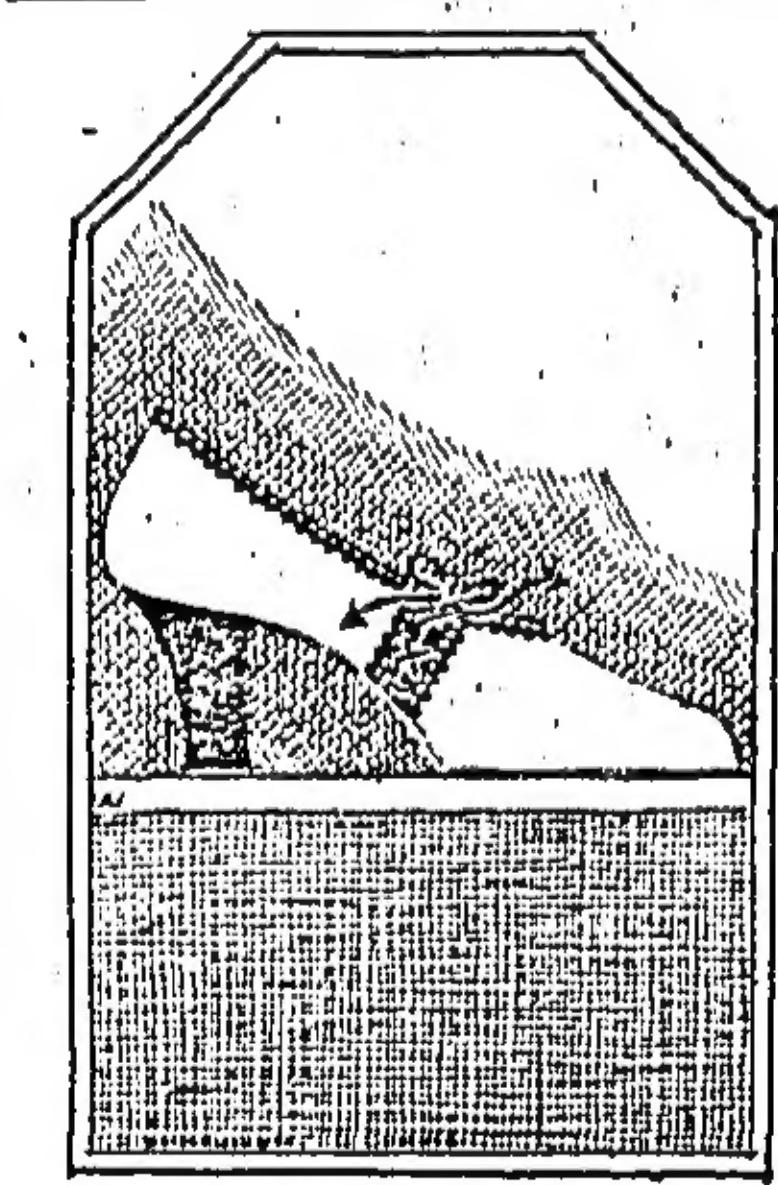
Chronic Poisoning.

A diet rich in cellulose ensures that there is no risk of idle, fermenting food, lurking in pockets of the canal, and thus flooding the circulation with daily doses of depressing toxins. When there is an insufficiency of this essential "ballast" in the diet, the intestinal contractions are slowed down or arrested for days at a time, and the individual concerned becomes a victim to chronic poisoning by absorption.

Doctors are agreed that chronic poisoning by absorption from the intestine is the root of nearly all diseases. Even mechanical troubles and many deformities such as flat foot can be traced to the same origin, because of the general muscular weakness which follows. The first symptoms of poisoning, which are too often neglected, are head-ache, lethargy, depression, and digestive disturbances. Appendicitis, however acute an attack may be, is merely an indication of a thoroughly unhealthy interior.

Many people complain that a liberal inclusion in the dietary of fruits and vegetables causes indigestion and even gripping pains. The powerfully stimulating action of the cellulose merely indicates that there was an immense necessity for this invaluable fibre. Certainly, vegetables should always be obtained in as young and as fresh a condition as possible since no one can digest the really old ones, in which the cellulose is almost as hard as wood.

It is a well-known fact that persons who never dare to retire to bed without swallowing a perfect battery of laxatives can in a very short time, after turning to a diet rich in cellulose, dispense with these unnatural and unreliable aids to health.



An attractive brown calf
and white buck spectator sport
shoe had an ingenious side lacing
of brown silk cord finished
with brown wooden triangles.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



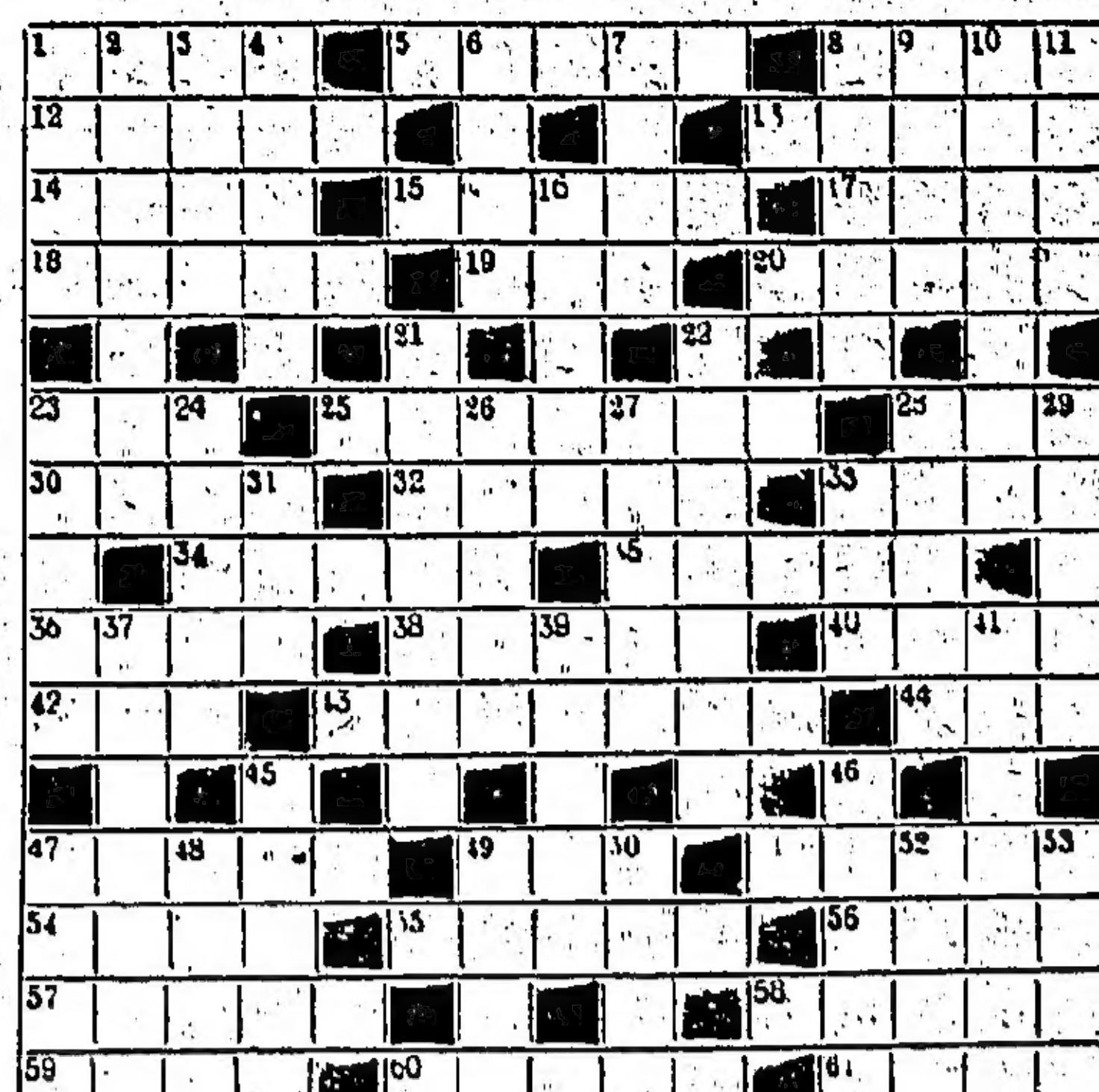
What to Do!



By Blosser

WHAT SHOULD THEY DO?
CALL THE POLICE OR JUST BUST IN ON THEM AND ASK QUESTIONS?
TO MORROW MAY TELL

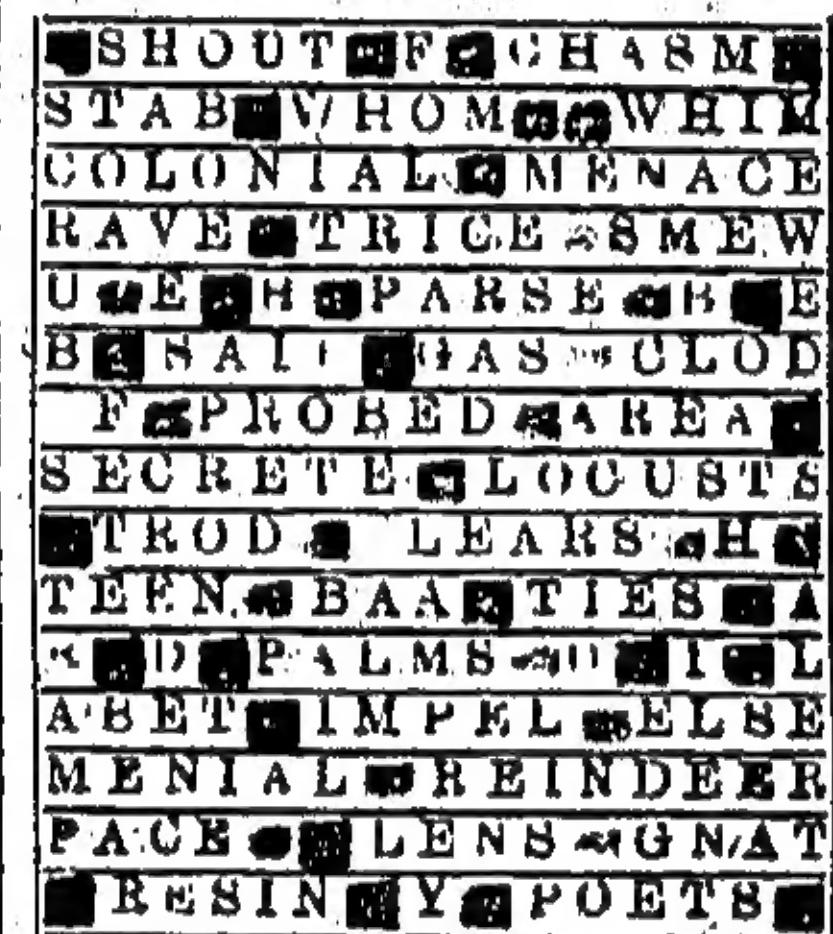
OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



Across.

- 1 Native of Arabia.
- 5 Milk container.
- 8 Fecund skill.
- 10 Title.
- 12 Small open boat.
- 13 In place of.
- 14 Slight anger.
- 15 System of signals.
- 16 Raise in spirits.
- 17 Groove.
- 19 Note in music.
- 20 Collection of sayings.
- 21 Lives healthily.
- 22 Precedence.
- 23 Unsightly.
- 24 Remaining fragment.
- 25 Brick structure.
- 26 Lukewarm.
- 27 Native of Saxony.
- 28 Cold refreshments.
- 29 Sound.
- 30 Acceptable to the palate.
- 31 Mountain top.
- 32 Signified.
- 33 Small bed.
- 34 Bird allied to the lark.
- 35 Stop the mouth of.
- 36 Mere show.
- 37 Sour.
- 38 Musical instrument.
- 39 Funeral carriage.
- 40 Nude.
- 41 Jolt.
- 42 Valley.
- 43 Rude.
- 44 List of candidates.

Yesterday's Solution.

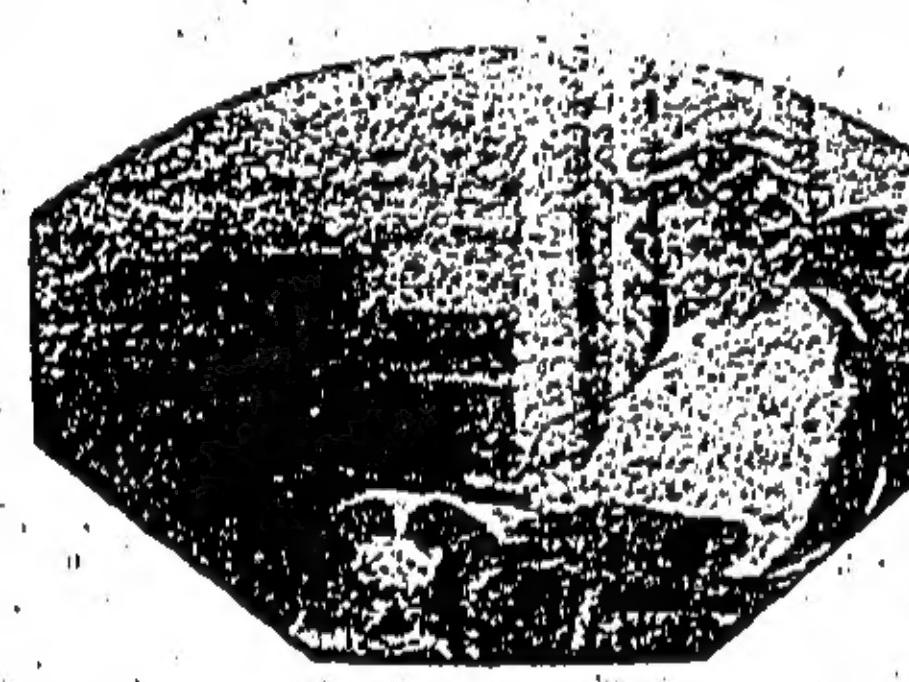


PERMANENT WAVING

by the
new 2 hours process.

**TESTER BEAUTY
PARLOUR**

Kayamally Building
Tel. 22103.



SIDE ENTRANCE, GROUND FLOOR.

Columbia New process RECORDS

LAYTON AND JOHNSTONE

- | | |
|--------|--|
| DB 88 | I'LL BE GETTING ALONG
MOMENTS |
| DB 123 | THERE WILL NEVER BE ANOTHER MARY
LAZY LOUISIANA |
| DB 87 | HAPPY DAY'S
LUCKY ME |
| DB 88 | SILVERY MOON
AIN'T IT GRAND |
| DB 122 | RO. RO. ROLLIN
HAPPY FEET |

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

**Healthful, Refreshing
and Cooling!**

**WATSON'S
LEMON SQUASH**

and

LIME SQUASH

made from the **REAL FRUIT**

With **GIN**,
or as a **GIN SLING**
make a **DRINK par excellence.**

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Manufacturers of High Class
Aerated Waters.

NOW ON SALE

**The New
August
Victor Records.**

**S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
CHATER ROAD.**

For Early Season's Wear—

**LIGHT-WEIGHT
WOOLLIES**

in the
NEW

**FOUR-PIECE
SUITS**
WITH CAP

Also:

PULLOVERS & CARDIGANS
ideal for wearing after the game!

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

NEVER BEFORE A
STUDEBAKER

SO LOW IN PRICE!

1924 ... Light Six G\$.045
1925 ... Standard, G\$ 1125
1926 ... G\$ 1145
1927 ... G\$ 1180
1928 Director Six G\$ 1195
1929 ... G\$ 995

AND NOW A NEW

STUDEBAKER SIX

10 b. Factory G\$ 8951

—70 Horse-Power

114" Wheel Base

4-Wheel Duo-Servo Brakes

Ride in this new Studebaker
and know its Big Car Value!

**The Hongkong & Shanghai
Hotels, Ltd.**

**The
Hongkong Telegraph**

TUESDAY, AUG. 26 1930.

ELECTORAL REFORM.

After the last General Election, a great deal was heard regarding the desirability of some reform of the British electoral system which would remedy the many anomalies which arose from the existing method of returning Members of Parliament. The Liberals were especially keen on action being taken, for the simple reason that they suffered most in the last appeal to the people. At the same time, the other two Parties, which have also been the victims of an admittedly unsatisfactory system, felt that the time was ripe for a change of some kind. A Conference on Electoral Reform was therefore appointed, under the chairmanship of Lord Ullswater. All three Parties were represented on it, and it was hoped that some arrangement acceptable to all would result. From Home papers, however, we learn that the effort has proved fruitless, a division of opinion on strictly Party lines having rendered agreement impossible.

In reporting to the Prime Minister on the matter, Lord Ullswater states that it became clear after a time that there would be great difficulty in obtaining any general agreement in answer to the question whether any, and if so what, system of election could be recommended in place of the present method. Several proposals had been put forward by the Liberals, but the Labour members were against all of them. Liberals and Conservatives agreed to a resolution in favour of Proportional Representation with a single transferable vote, but most of the Conservatives imposed a condition that the Conference must first decide that a change of some character must be made. On the other hand, the Labour representatives showed a disposition to entertain the Alternative Vote, if it were accompanied by other electoral changes. These included reduction of election expenses, publication of accounts by political parties nationally and locally, the inclusion in election expenses of payments to speakers and their expenses, prohibition of the use of motor-cars to take voters to the poll except in special circumstances, abolition of all plural voting, abolition of double-member constituencies, and the reduction in costs of election petition expenses. Lord Ullswater ruled that some of these

matters went beyond the terms of reference, whilst the Conservatives took the view that if the question of corrupt practices were raised, other matters such as intimidation, personal rowdism and slander of candidates or Party leaders should be included. As the Conference could only, at the best, submit to the Government a few resolutions carried on party lines, its chairman informed the Prime Minister that there was no alternative but to discontinue the proceedings.

To the student of politics, it does seem regrettable that some advance could not be made towards the aim in view—some amendment of the electoral system which would make our Parliamentary elections more truly reflect national opinion than they do at present. In the old days, when elections were fights between Tories and Liberals, the minority representation issue did not arise. But under present conditions, with so many triangular fights, it often happens that the member returned does not represent the political feelings of the majority of the electorate. The Liberals would apparently welcome any change that would be an improvement on the present system, but it has to be remembered that the problem is a complex one and that there is a danger in meddling with the present system of making changes which will complicate matters and confuse the electorate. As for the political results of the failure of the Conference, the view has been put forward by a prominent Conservative journal that the Liberals will be less anxious than ever to go to the country, preferring to keep the Government in office in order to keep themselves in Parliament. As to whether that is a just appreciation of the situation, the coming autumn will probably indicate.

Australian Imports.

The drastic upward revisions of tariffs and restrictions introduced by the Australian Government earlier in the year in order to combat the heavy and accumulating adverse balance of foreign trade, have already begun to exercise a marked effect on the trade returns. In April and May the excess of imports showed a progressive diminution, while in June there was an actual export balance of £2,500,000. This is the first time that Australian exports have exceeded imports for many months. In June the imports were only £6,000,000, which represents a record low level for many years, and is exactly one half the volume of imports in June, 1929. In the last six months of 1929, Australia imported £73,400,000 worth of goods and exported £47,400,000, the adverse balance being thus £26,000,000. Yet in the first six months of this year she has contrived to reduce the adverse balance to only £8,000,000. This has been achieved exclusively by a reduction of imports, for while we find that the exports in the second period were practically identical with those in the first, the imports declined by no less than £18,000,000, or about 25 per cent. Australia has thus gone a considerable way towards eliminating the adverse balance which had become such a serious menace at the turn of the year, and the deficit has been partially covered by the export of over £17,000,000 in gold during the first half of 1930. A deficit nevertheless still remains, and Australia is not yet out of her exchange difficulties. It is moreover, not by reduction of imports, but by an increase of exports that her road to ultimate prosperity lies, and it is only in June that this export increase has begun to manifest itself. Meanwhile the drastic restriction of Australian imports is of course reacting very unfavourably on the export trade of Great Britain, as Australia is her second largest export market, coming next to India.

The fifth of the series of public band concerts is to be held on the Kowloon Football Club ground at 9 p.m. to-morrow. On this occasion, the band of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders will provide the programme.

DAY BY DAY

THERE IS NO MORE REAL SATISFACTION IN LAYING UP IN YURE BUZZUM AN INJURY, THAN THERE IS IN STUFFIN A DEAD HORNET WHO HAZ STUNG YOU, AND KEEPING HIM TROW LOOK AT.—Josh Billings.

The Empress of Canada left Shanghai to-day at 10 a.m. and is due at Hongkong on Thursday at 9 a.m.

Mr. Lindsell registered a conviction against Acting Sergeant Ali Ahmed, attached to the West Point Police Station, on the man's appearance this morning on remand on a charge of accepting a bribe of \$1.60 from a hawker in Centre Street. The defendant was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

A Chinese was convicted by Mr. Whyte-Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy to-day, of having stolen a blanket from a small boy in Temple Street. The defendant said he saw the boy sleeping with the blanket by his side and took it. As a previous conviction for larceny was recorded against the defendant, he was sentenced to four months' imprisonment.

The Eastern Extension Telegraph Company has received from its head office an intimation that the estimated traffic receipts of the Imperial and International Communications, Ltd., for July are £437,220. This compares with receipts for July of last year of £514,994. The aggregate receipts from January to July this year are £3,244,943, as against £3,623,143 for the same period in 1929.

Bringing up a Central Market man for assault in Jubilee Street yesterday, an Indian constable complained to Mr. Butters, at the Central Magistracy this morning, that the man had flung a fish-basket at his head and used a bamboo pole on him. This was after he had warned the man for street gambling and causing an obstruction of the footpath. Inspector Shaftain said he could discover no marks on the P.C., who looked "spotlessly clean". His Worship convicted the defendant, and bound him over in a sum of £50.

The health bulletin of Eastern ports for the week ended August 16, issued by the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, gives the following cases, the figures in parenthesis indicating deaths: Plague, Alexandria 4 (3), Baghdad 2 (1), Colombo 1 (1); Cholera, Bombay 2 (1), Calcutta 17 (10), Ilo-Ilo 32 (19), Bangkok 1 (1), Phnom-Penh 3 (1), Saigon 1; Small-pox, Baghdad 1 (1), Bombay 2 (2), Calcutta 12 (8), Cochin 4, Karachi 2 (1), Madras 9 (5), Negapatam 2 (1), Rangoon 1, Penang 1 (1), Batavia 1 (1); Cerebro-spinal fever (2).

No doubt for its own end the world prefers the kind hearts. It is lying in wait for them at every corner!

But it plumps up the cushion and heats the plate and warms the bed for the coronet every time. I am not going to tell my children that the world thinks kind hearts are more than coronets. The most I can say is that kind hearts are probably taxed less than coronets, and leave it at that.

Another superannuated piece of mental furniture found in all good homes is that virtue is its own and sufficient reward.

For those with remarkably small appetite for reward this may be the case, but how un-hungry they must be. Virtue is an art practised

Kind Hearts are Less Than Coronets.

In the days when women had time to embroider blackberries in French knots on long strips of brown holland and adapt them to household purposes it was commonly accepted that kind hearts were more than another agreeable and neat precept, this was accepted, writes Dorothy Black in the *Daily Mail*. Nobody ever thought of questioning it.

I do not know whether in those good old days kind hearts were all they were cracked up to be. All I know is that to-day it simply is not true.

It is not a bit true, but, like out-of-date pieces of furniture kept for sentimental reasons, these ideas still hang about good homes. The young are introduced to them seriously and asked to give them their full attention.

Facing the Facts.

We keep on saying them to the young, partly because we are an un inventive generation and cannot think of anything else to say, partly because we have not been courageous enough to face facts ourselves. It is so much cosier not to face a whole lot of facts in a short life.

Let us get down to it quietly, abandoning illusion and sentiment. Is a kind heart in this world of more use to its owner than a coronet?

The world is full of kind hearts, but I do not see them invited to banquets on the strength of that. They are not courted and encouraged and their shortcomings overlooked and their vulgarities tolerated because their hearts are kind. Their pathway through life is made not easier but more difficult.

Kind-hearted people have a knack of seeing the other fellow's point of view—if not getting it down in black and white, because they hate to put you to the bother of fetching pen and paper.

Virtue's Reward.

No doubt for its own end the world prefers the kind hearts. It is lying in wait for them at every corner! But it plumps up the cushion and heats the plate and warms the bed for the coronet every time. I am not going to tell my children that the world thinks kind hearts are more than coronets. The most I can say is that kind hearts are probably taxed less than coronets, and leave it at that.

They will go out to life efficiently armed, instead of spending weary years trying to find their feet. Nor shall we do them any harm, for nothing is ever going to put out the little flame that burns like a lamp in the heart of man, and gives us our poets, our dreamers, and those other pleasant people who, like flowers in a drawing-room, make every day charming.

Why not be Honest? and breed courageous little sceptics who will look life squarely in the face? It will help them to take the world's valuation for what it is worth. It will save them the bitterness of having to readjust their perspective later on.

They will go out to life efficiently armed, instead of spending weary years trying to find their feet. Nor shall we do them any harm, for nothing is ever going to put out the little flame that burns like a lamp in the heart of man, and gives us our poets, our dreamers, and those other pleasant people who, like flowers in a drawing-room, make every day charming.



Little Comforter—"You'll be glad to know, Horace, that Einstein says space is the world's ultimate reality."

COLLISION WITH A RICKSHA.**SEQUEL TO ACCIDENT IN QUEEN'S ROAD.****ALLEGED DAMAGE.**

An incident which occurred in Queen's Road, opposite the China Building on August 6, was recalled before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Police Court this morning when, on the complaint of Lau Man-cho, a member of the Chinese Press, a summons for failing to report an accident was brought against Lam Kai-tit, driver of motor car No. 2073.

Mr. Horace Lo was for the defendant and intimated that the defendant admitted having struck the complainant's ricksha, but that there had been no damage whatsoever, either to the vehicle or to the complainant.

Inspector Alexander indicated that the complainant was thrown on to the roadway. When he went to the Traffic Office, he exhibited an injury to his arm.

Mr. Lo said that if the complainant had been thrown to the ground then it was clearly an accident, but that was absolutely denied by the defendant. The car hit the ricksha but there had been no injury or damage.

Lau Man-cho, in the witness box, stated that his ricksha was travelling from East to West in Queen's Road opposite China Building when it was suddenly bumped into from behind. Witness was thrown to the ground, while the coolie was pinned under the ricksha. Witness spoke to the defendant, who was the driver of the motor car 2073, which had collided with the ricksha, and demanded an explanation as well as costs for the repair of the ricksha. Damage to the extent of \$15 had been caused, witness producing a receipt for that amount.

Mr. Lo:—Your ricksha was swerving gradually to the right hand side of the road?

His Worship asked if the question were material and intimated that who was to blame for the accident was neither here nor there. The whole point was whether there had been an accident and whether the defendant had reported it.

Later his Worship allowed the question to be put from the point of view of compensation. When asked, the witness denied that the ricksha had swerved. He also denied that the ricksha had stopped without any warning to traffic approaching from the rear.

Witness intimated that he did certain work for the *China Tribune* but denied being responsible for an account of the accident which appeared in that paper the following day.

Mr. Lo:—And the article is slanderous to the defendant?

His Worship:—Surely I am not concerned with that?

At this juncture the summons was adjourned till Friday at noon.

BELLICOSE WHARF COOLIE.**DANGEROUS MAN SENT TO PRISON.**

"You are a dangerous man and a fighter," said Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning to a wharf coolie, who was charged by Inspector Marks with having assaulted Ip Sui, an electrician, in Canton Road last night.

Inspector Marks stated that the defendant was arrested by a district watchman and was first accused of the theft of a gold wrist watch belonging to the complainant. It appeared that the defendant was sent from Mong Kok to assault the complainant. During the scuffle the watch dropped on the road but was recovered later.

The defendant said the complainant had assaulted one of his clasmens some time ago, and when he asked the complainant not to touch any of his clasmens again, he lost his temper and started the fight.

Defendant's record showed that this was his second offence for assault. He was now sentenced to one month's imprisonment and was bound in a bond of \$100 to keep the peace for one year.

AMERICAN BASEBALL.**TWO GAMES PLAYED IN THE AMERICAN LEAGUE.**

New York, Aug. 25.
Two games were played in the American baseball league to-day resulting as follows:
Philadelphia 2 Washington 3
Detroit 7 St. Louis 5
—Reuters' American Service.

OFFICER SHOT IN THE BACK.**TRIBAL OUTRAGE ON THE INDIAN BORDER.****FIGHTING FOLLOWS.**

Simla, Aug. 25.
While reports from the Kurram region chronicle the complete surrender of the Massozais tribesmen, a serious clash has occurred with the Hathi Khel Wazirs, resulting in heavy casualties in hand-to-hand fighting.

The British casualties are eight killed and ten wounded, including Captain Ashcroft killed.

The Hathi Khels lost 26 killed and five wounded, while seventy were taken prisoners.—*Reuter.*

Simla, Aug. 25.

Details of the Hathi Khel clash show that Captain Ashcroft, with a mixed force of infantry, frontier constabulary and police, moved from Bannu to occupy the ground where a meeting under a hostile Mullah had been advertised.

The Mullah appeared with a large force, one member of which attacked Captain Ashcroft. While the latter was defending himself he was shot dead from behind.

A general engagement followed in which the Mullah himself was killed.

Officers and men of the Royal Air Force attended at Jirga in Kurram where the Massozais tendered complete submission. They brought in all fugitives from justice hiding in their territory, including a man who had been outlawed for twenty-five years.

The Massozais agreed to the terms of the Congress preachers in their territory.—*Reuter.*

WOMAN FINED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE.**POLICE RAID ON HOUSES OF ILL-FAME.**

Sub-Inspector W. Le F. Chevalier, before Mr. Whyte Smith at Kowloon this morning, charged a Chinese woman with having run a "sly" brothel.

The Inspector said that there were two houses, Nos. 10 and 4, Cheung Loi Street, and when one was crowded the customers were sent to the other. They had both been under police observation for over twelve months. When he raided No. 4 last night, he found two Europeans there. The houses were run by a clique of about 10 people, but the defendant was the mistress of No. 4.

The defendant said she was an amah and was running the place for one day in the absence of her mistress who was in the country. The defendant admitted it was a "sly" brothel.

Sub-Inspector Chevalier asked for a heavy penalty, as conditions in that street were disgraceful.

A fine of \$75, or six weeks' imprisonment, was imposed.

FANATIC ARRESTED ON TRAIN.**BELIEVED DESIGNS ON THE EGYPTIAN PREMIER.**

Cairo, Aug. 25.
A Berber dressed as a waiter, and armed with a sharp axe, was found in the corridor of a train outside the compartment in which the Premier, Sidky Pasha, was travelling to Cairo, shortly after the train left Alexandria.

The man, who was arrested, is believed to have had designs on the Premier's life.—*Reuter.*

Cairo, Later.
The man arrested on the train is a Sudanese named Hussein Taher. He is a druggist employed by the State Railways and was educated at Gordon College, Khartum. His father, Taher Bey, formerly a Deputy, is a keen British supporter.—*Reuter.*

SNATCHED BANGLES FROM BABY.**BOY'S FUTILE ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.**

A young Chinese, 14 years of age, appeared before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy this morning on a charge of snatching a pair of bangles from a child being carried by its mother at the junction of First and Centre Streets yesterday morning.

The defendant, who admitted the charge, was alleged to have snatched the bangles and run away. The woman raised the alarm and a Chinese constable who was attracted to the scene followed, arresting the defendant after a short chase.

His Worship ordered the defendant to be detained for 48 hours and to receive 16 strokes of the birch.

NURSE AWARDED DAMAGES.

(Continued from Page 1.)

age had made her seek a mate. It further represented that she was not fit to mix with good company and that she was not fit person to be a nurse.

His Lordship:—I agree that the article is generally insulting but I want to know exactly what she has suffered by it.

In the witness box, plaintiff said she knew the article referred to her, and her friends thought the same. It had come to the notice of the Directors of the Tung Wah Hospital who had instructed the House Surgeon to make enquiries with regard to it. Plaintiff further stated she considered that her reputation had been damaged.

When his Lordship asked what harm the article might have on plaintiff's future career, Mr. Lo said it was probable that when plaintiff had passed her examinations and wished to set up her own private practice she might have difficulty in doing so for the reason that expectant mothers would not want the type of girl indicated in the article, frivolous and flirty, to attend them.

Disgusting Articles.

Mr. Lo continued that such cases had been too frequent of late and the Colony should be "purified" of the "mosquito" paper atmosphere. The people responsible for such papers were always making attacks on persons who could not defend themselves, and they should be sternly prevented from printing such disgusting articles.

Plaintiff was a defenceless woman and had no money for legal proceedings in order to defend her character and reputation. How he (Mr. Lo) came into the case was not a matter which concerned the Court.

Concluding, Mr. Lo said that damages came under four heads, contemptuous, nominal, substantial and vindictive, and he submitted that the case was sufficiently serious for it to be brought under the last-named heading.

His Lordship agreed, saying he was very sorry for plaintiff and expressing the hope that such a scurrilous and unfounded article would not injure her career. As the case had been brought in Summary Jurisdiction, however, the limit which could be awarded was \$1,000 and he would award that amount to plaintiff with costs.

Judgment was entered accordingly.

TRADE STATISTICS DIFFICULTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Clerk to copy from an invoice a quotation such as "Five dozen Autos No. 1" is useless to the Department, for the Office is not to know that it refers to razors.

"Then again, invoices from Germany, France, Czechoslovakia, Belgium or any other foreign countries, are entered in their own particular weights, measures and trade-names, and it is inconceivable that the Statistical Office should translate them.

I feel sure that neither the Chamber of Commerce, who are responsible for the compilation of the Classification List, or the merchants, would entertain the idea of allowing duplicate invoices to be submitted to the Statistical Office.

Exchange Conversion.

"You must also remember that the value of the goods has to be quoted in local coinage at F.O.B. rates, and you cannot expect the Statistical Office to have to translate the value of goods which are quoted on foreign invoices such as those from France, Russia, India, etc where the coinage of the particular country is entered on the invoices, to the corresponding value in local coinage.

In addition, this is made more impossible by the fact that most firms have special contract quotations, so that the ordinary rates of the day would not apply."

As a piece of advice, Mr. Lloyd emphasised that any merchant or retailer who was in doubt concerning the correct entry of a particular article could always remedy his difficulty by making enquiries from the clerk-in-charge at the Statistical Office. He could send a representative round, who would receive every assistance from the Office.

Four Points.

The four chief points which firms should bear in mind were:

(1).—Possess a copy of the Classification List and when in doubt refer to it.

(2).—Don't enter goods in their proprietary name and don't use trade-names.

(3).—Don't allow clerks to enter from invoices.

(4).—If the Classification List does not solve your difficulty, consult the Statistical Office; they will

LICENSING LAW REFORM.**NEW PLAN OUTLINED BY LORD CECIL.****ABSURD CONTROL.**

Placing a new scheme of public-house control before the Licensing Commission, Lord Hugh Cecil said: "My principle is that the licensing laws should be regulated to public convenience. For example, I dissent altogether from the present policy of trying to suppress night clubs, assuming they are well conducted.

"If people want to drink champagne at two o'clock in the morning, I do not see why they should not. I think the law which tries to stop them goes far away from public conscience and is absurd."

Declaring that he was expressly against total abstinence, Lord Hugh suggested that:

1. A licensing authority should be set up in county, county borough or municipal boroughs, one-half elected by the magistrates and the other half by the local authority, and composed of persons who would be required to sign declarations that they had no pecuniary interest in the liquor trade or that they thought it desirable that all citizens should become total abstainers.

2. This committee should have power to prescribe sale of liquor hours either for the whole of the area or for any part of it, even for any street.

Back to Pre-War Hours.

The committee would have powers to penalise ill-conducted public-houses by shortening their hours. On the other hand, well-conducted houses would be allowed to sell during very long hours.

Maximum hours might be pre-war hours and the minimum hours either war hours or hours still shorter—possibly the present hours for Sunday.

Replying to Mr. L. Hitchings (a member of the Commission), Lord Hugh Cecil said that he considered drunkenness was when a man was a nuisance to his neighbours.

"As long as he is only damaging his own health you have no more right to stop him than when he eats lobster salad when his doctor tells him not to."

FORMER P.W.D. MAN STEALS WIRE.**BADGE PRODUCTION OF NO AVAIL.**

A former employee of the P.W.D., Wu Hon, was charged before Mr. Butters at the Central Police Court this morning, with the theft of a quantity of telephone wires.

Mr. Giggs, of the P. W. D. said he believed that the wire came from a telephone extension at Severn Road. He knew the man to have been employed, until six weeks ago, in the wireless section of the Electrical Branch of the Department.

Inspector Shaftain, prosecuting, said Wu was stopped by an Indian constable at Magazine Gap, and questioned with regard to the wire which he was carrying in a bag.

On the production of a P. W. D. workman's badge, the constable was going to let Wu go, but on second thoughts, he detained the man, while telephoning to Inspector Shaftain for directions.

Subsequently, after being taken to the station, enquiries revealed that the man was no longer connected with the Department.

Mr. Giggs said that in any case, the badge produced by the man was not one which would have been issued by the Electrical Department.

Defendant was sentenced to four months' hard labour.

ROBBERY NIPPED IN THE BUD.**POLICE GET WIND OF A GANG'S ACTIVITY.**

Receiving a timely warning of the intentions of an alleged gang of armed robbers, Sub Inspector M. Murphy and a party of detectives from the Wan Chai Station were instrumental in frustrating the plans of the gang by having the men arrested.

On the appearance of four Chinese before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy to-day, they were charged with being in possession of a knife, a dagger, pointed pieces of iron, wire and potatoes which were alleged by the Police to have been for an unlawful purpose.

The men admitted possession of some of the articles mentioned, but denied possession of others.

Sub Inspector Murphy informed his Worship that information had

MIXED BABIES OF CHICAGO.**PARENTS IGNORE DECISION OF A JURY.****FATHERS' INSTINCT.**

The now famous dispute over the "mixed babies of Chicago" ended when the rival parents—Mr. and Mrs. Watkins and Mr. and Mrs. Bamberger—decided to keep the babies already in their possession and ignore the decision of the jury of experts that the infants had been muddled in hospital at birth and should now be exchanged.

Clue of the Labels.

Human affection proved stronger than the wisdom of the scientists at the conference between the Bamberger and Watkins families, both sides announcing they had become attached to the babies that they were unwilling to exchange them.

These boy babies were born the same afternoon in the same hospital, and the families were embroiled in a bitter dispute when a "Watkins" label was found on the Bamberger infant and a "Bamberger" label on Baby Watkins after the mothers had returned to their homes.

To unravel the tangle, Chicago's Health Commissioner yesterday summoned 13 medical experts.

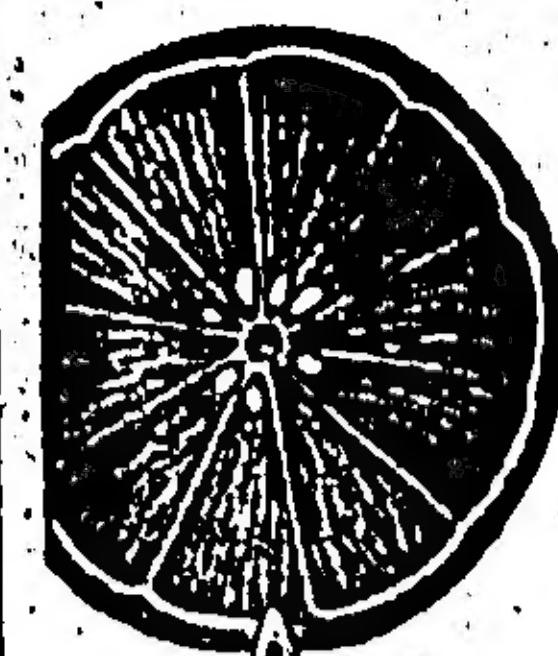
After a long debate they decided by a majority that one infant had been substituted for another, and they were now with the wrong parents. Nine experts voted for this decision, one against and two abstained.

When first told the verdict Mr. Bamberger declared: "I won't give up the boy I have. I'll barricade my house."

Threat of Force.

Equally excited, Mr. Watkins asserted that he would take his baby from Mr. Bamberger by force. Both male parents were distracted and the mothers hysterical when they met in conference early to-day.

The family doctors made peace by advising the parents not to make an exchange as recommended by the experts, pinning their faith to the shape of the infants' heads.



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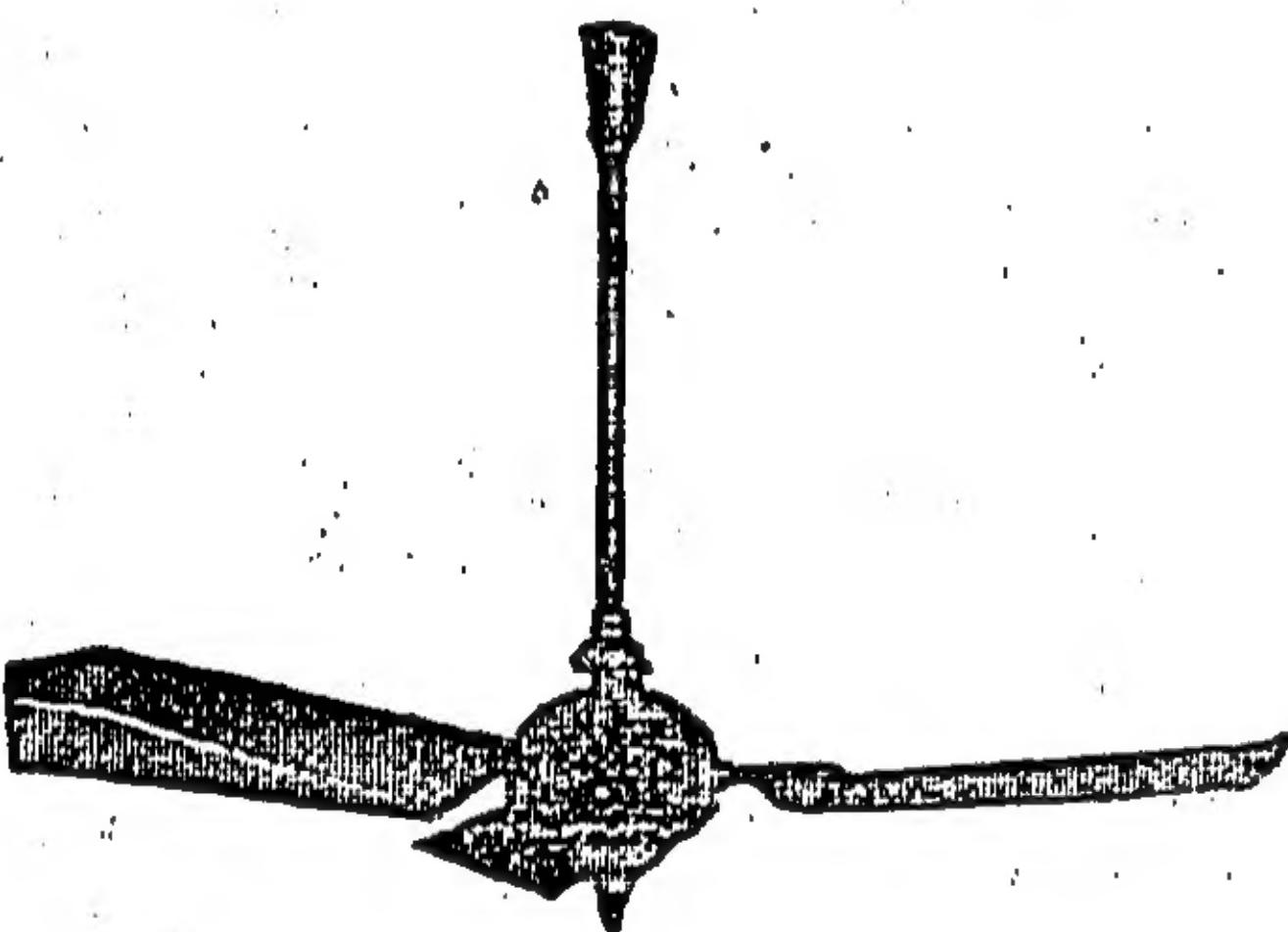
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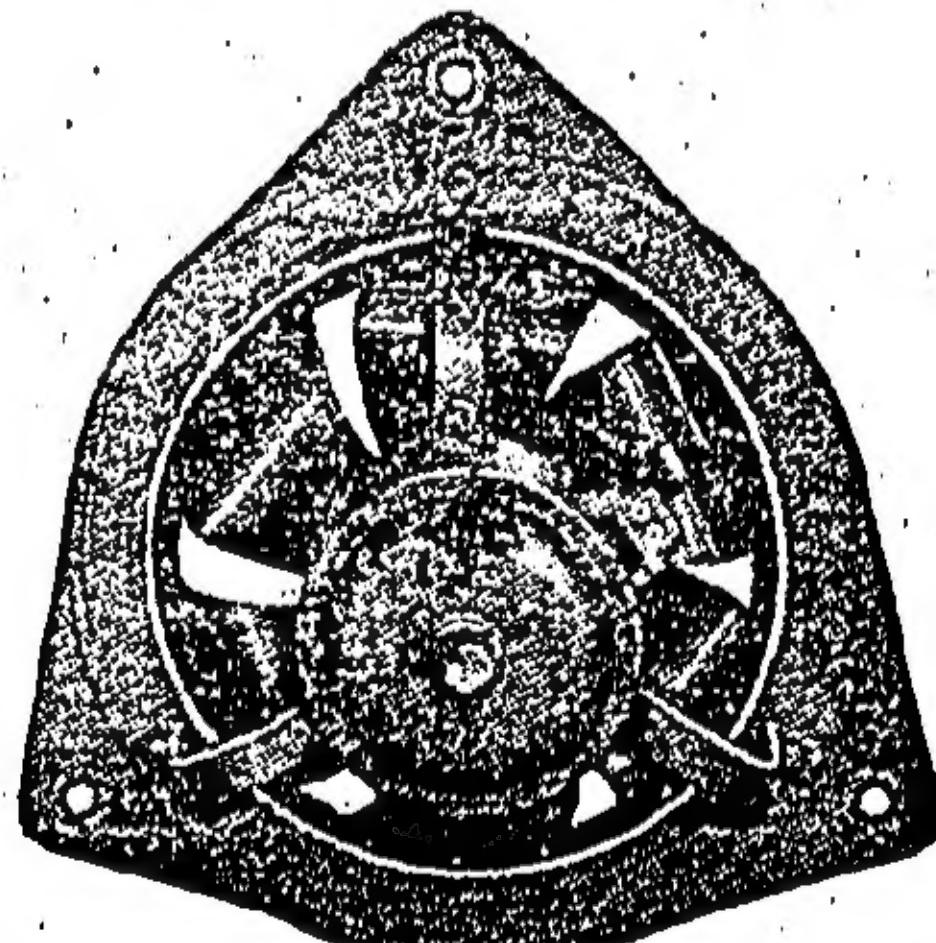
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or for any other information.

CINEMA NOTES.

"EMBARRASSING MOMENTS" AT THE QUEEN'S.

Reginald Denny brings down another flock of laughs in "Embarrassing Moments," his latest Universal dialogue comedy, which opened at the Queen's Theatre.

This time Denny finds himself to be the imaginary "trial husband" of a girl whom he has never seen. His appearance in the midst of a staid and conservative family in a small old-fashioned community leads to complications of the most amusing order.

Beautiful titan-haired Merna Kennedy plays the part of Denny's "trial wife." Her part allows her to display her screen talent to the fullest extent.

Otis Harlan contributes materially to the hilarity in the role of Merna's watchful father, who believes that old-fashioned matrimony is still the only kind for a respectable family.

Others in the exceptionally strong cast are William Austin, Virginia Vale, Gretl Granstedt and Mary Foy.

William James Craft directed "Embarrassing Moments" in such a way that no possible laugh escapes. He kept the story's action at the highest pitch throughout.

The story of "Embarrassing Moments" is the work of Earle Snell, who, with Gladys Lehman, handled the continuity.

"The Four Feathers."

Action—plus adventure, terrors and perils of such convincing bigness that audiences who beheld them were swept into transports of excitement, were projected again on the screen at the Central Theatre yesterday with the showing of Paramount's epic picture of the wild African Soudan country—"The Four Feathers."

Here is "a" picture—and there is not a word of dialogue in its entire footage. This, alone, in a day when talkers are rapidly establishing a new show world, is ample recommendation for your seeing it twice or three times. It is a big picture—one which is too big even for dialogue. But it should be said right here that the excellent musical score composed by Wm. Frederick Peters, which accompanies the picture is a delightful supplement to the visual interest which the film arouses.

The story is based on the famous novel of British soldier life in the Sudan, "The Four Feathers" written by A. E. W. Mason and often referred to as the "British bible of courage."

Richard Arlen, a young officer, is branded as a coward by his comrades. He swears he will "come back" and he does. How the youth conquers the stigma of cowardice forms the theme for the story which carried him and his three comrades, Clive Brooks, William Powell and Theodore von Eltz through the kind of he-man adventures we have all seen in "Beau Geste," and then some.

Merian C. Cooper and Ernest B. Schoedsack, the two wonder-men of picturdom, whose roving cameras were responsible for the remarkable adventure film, "Chang" and "Grass," spent nearly two years in Africa, taking the "shots" which constitute "The Four Feathers" and for which they faced unbelievable dangers.

The interior scenes were shot at Hollywood, with Lothar Mendes assisting Cooper and Schoedsack in the direction.

It would be an idle waste of words to try to describe "The Four Feathers" in detail here. It can only be said that here is one of the most magnificent, one of the most thrilling adventure pictures ever shown.

"The Big Party."

"What the well-dressed woman will wear" is one of the many attractive features of "The Big Party," the Fox Movietone musical offering which comes to the screen of the Queen's Theatre on Wednesday.

During the action in the spectacular modiste's shop sequence, a series of professional models are seen displaying the latest modes in afternoon gowns, evening gowns and other feminine apparel as a background for the delightful story. These costumes, however, were not merely selected from the studio wardrobe, but were specially designed by the noted fashion creator, Sophie Wagner, in complete accordance with the newest dictates for spring wear.

Dixie Lee, Sue Carol and Walter Catlett enact the featured roles in this tuneful story of a shop-girl's romance, which John Blystone directed from an original story and script by Harlan Thompson.

When an analytical report concerning the quality of milk was being discussed by the East Barnet Urban Council Councillor Marchand said that he had knowledge of a case in another district in which "tiddlers" were found in the milk. Investigation showed that the lorry driver had taken milk from a churn in the course of transit, and had filled it up with water from a pond.

A DOCTOR MUST TELL.

DEFINITE RULING IN THE DIVORCE COURT.

OLD CONTROVERSY.

It has been ruled in the Divorce Court that "a doctor must tell." The whole controversy of medical secrecy respecting the illnesses of patients is thus opened afresh. Lord Merrivale was very emphatic. He made it clear that:

If a doctor is called to give evidence before him, he must do so or he will be sent to prison for contempt of court.

The doctor who raised the question in court was Dr. Hugh Wansey Bayly, of Harley-street, who declared that but for having his patient's consent he would not have given evidence.

In an interview Dr. Bayly said: "I consider it is absolutely essential for the health of the community that complete confidence should exist between doctor and patient.

"The Ministry of Health has let the public down by saying that those who attend clinics for treatment shall have the protection of secrecy. They do not. When doctors who have administered such treatment are called in courts of law they are compelled by the judge to produce their case sheets and to tell all the confidential details.

"There appears to be a conflict between the Ministry of Health and the judiciary, and if his goes on every patient who comes to a doctor privately or goes to a clinic must be warned by the doctor that everything he says may be used in evidence against him.

"By destroying this confidence between doctor and patient it will prevent married patients consulting a doctor at all.

"This law will not be altered as long as doctors give way to the courts. Therefore, in my opinion, it is the duty of the doctor to refuse to divulge his professional confidences, whatever the consequences to himself must be."

"I Would Refuse Unless..."

The action which brought up the question was one in which Mrs. Rachel Irene Lindsey, of Denmark-Terrace, Brighton, sought the dissolution of her marriage with Mr. Joseph Lindsey on the ground of his misconduct, which was not denied.

Mr. G. Tyndale, for the wife, called Dr. Hugh Wansey Bayly, of Harley-street, who, when questioned about the husband, asked: "Have I your lordship's permission to give my opinion on this important matter of evidence between doctor and patient?"

Lord Merrivale: You must give evidence, doctor; there is no doubt about that.

Dr. Bayly: I have taken a considerable part in the controversy on this point and I only want to show that I am not an assistant.

The Judge: I understand that, but I direct you to give evidence.

Patient's Permission.

Dr. Bayly: I must explain to the court before I give evidence that I have the written permission of my patient to give evidence, because if I had not received that permission I should not have given evidence and should have been prepared to go to prison.

The Judge: I should be exceedingly sorry to require your permanent attendance here or somewhere else for a time, but if you do not obey the direction I have given and if you persist in avoiding it I shall consider that aspect of the matter.

Dr. Bayly: I was hesitating when asked questions by counsel, and his lordship remarked to him:

"You must not misunderstand me, I have a duty to discharge here. You also have a duty as a medical man and a citizen, but my duty predominates here."

Dr. Bayly having answered the questions of counsel a decree nisi was granted, with costs and custody of the child to the petitioner.

10 Years' Dispute.

The question has given rise to numerous discussions in medical and legal circles for nearly ten years past.

Early in 1922 Lord Dawson of Penn, as spokesman for the British Medical Association, announced his intention of ventilating the matter in the House of Lords, and Lord Birkenhead (then Lord Chancellor) wrote a memorandum to the Cabinet on the subject.

In this he asked:

Are the Christian Scientist healer, the herbalist, the quack, the bonesetter, the chemist to be covered by the same doctrine as the "doctor"? If not, on what logical theory is the distinction to be based?

The whole tendency of our law for many years has been in the direction of opening the mouths of those who can assist the course of justice, and not of closing them.

To establish a class who may at their will assist or obstruct the judges in their work would be a retrograde step.

VALUE OF HUMAN LIFE.

FRIENDS' VIEWS ON THE DEATH PENALTY.

Evidence of objection to the death penalty was heard by the Select Committee on Capital Punishment from representatives of the Society of Friends.

Mr. Carl Heath said:

"We take our stand on the faith that every human life is of inestimable value and contains the possibilities of moral reclamation."

The chairman (Rev. J. Barr):

Even in the most abandoned?

Mr. Heath: Yes, we regard Christian teaching of the wrongfulness of murder as binding not only upon individuals, but also upon communities. On these grounds we base our opposition to legal killing.

Not Necessary.

"There is no penalty that brings such distress as the death penalty," he added, "and we hold that capital punishment is not necessary as a deterrent."

The considerate and Christian treatment of an offender was as possible in the case of murder as with other crimes.

Questions about Nestle's Cream, the poisoner, were submitted to Principal Barrett Brown, of Ruskin College, Oxford. After dealing with the Society's opposition to the death penalty, he was asked what he would do with a callous, hardened criminal who poisoned one after another of his victims.

One of his replies was: "I have been a prisoner myself because I refused to murder."

Wrong to Execute.

Mr. Lovat Fraser: Nestle's Cream poisoned three women and one man in America. He was in prison there and let out after ten years. Then he came here and poisoned four more people. Do you think it was wrong to execute him?—Yes, and it also bears out that mere imprisonment is not enough.

Mr. Lovat Fraser: If he had been executed in America four lives would have been saved here?

Mr. Barrett Brown said that he could not think adequate attention had been paid to Cream's mental state.

Mrs. Margery Fry, Principal of Somerville College, Oxford, suggested the advisability of eliminating, so far as possible, factors which made murder easy by restrictions on the sale of poisons and on the insurance of the lives of other persons.

EXCHANGE RATES.

London, Aug. 25.

Paris	123.775
Geneva	25.05
Berlin	29.39
Celo	18.16%
Helsingfors	19.31%
Athens	.375
Buenos Aires	40.9/16
Yokohama	2/0.11/32
New York	4.871/16
Amsterdam	12.08%
Stockholm	18.11%
Vienna	34.465
Madrid	44.65
Bucharest	81.63
Bombay	1/5.24
Brussels	34.835
Milan	92.975
Copenhagen	18.16%
Prague	16.41%
Lisbon	108.25
Rio	.42
Shanghai	1/6.74
Silver (spot and forward)	16.7/16

—British Wireless.

WATER LEVELS.

ON WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS.

The following table, issued by the Kwangtung River Conservancy Commission, shows in English feet the water levels on the West River, North River and East River, on the dates named:

Aug. 24: Aug. 25.

Shihung	8.9	9.7
Tsingyuen	6.5	6.5
Samshui	4.3	4.5
Sheklung	3.6	4.0

The highest levels on record are: Shihung, 41 feet; Tsingyuen, 29.2 feet; Samshui, 27.3 feet; Sheklung, 15.5 feet.

The lowest level on record at Samshui is minus 5 feet and at Sheklung minus 2.7 feet.

Two Levers Move Men—Self-interest and Fear

—Napoleon

SECURE adequate life insurance now.

Self-interest will be served because the man who carries Life Insurance gains both confidence and peace of mind. Fear will be banished through the knowledge that the future of loved ones will be secured.

Enquire to-day

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY



DANCING JUDITH

by CORALIE STANTON.

and HEATH HOSHEN.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

Madame De Toros walked in front of Judy toward the door. The girl noticed the little nervous, jerky movements of her small, dark head, that were due to the weight of her great, pearl-tipped diamond crown.

At the door she stopped, and, passing Judy, went back to the dressing table, where she removed the ornament, taking out its fastenings—about a dozen platinum pins.

"It's so heavy," she said while Judy waited.

"I'd rather die than wear a thing like that," the girl replied, adding generously; "But you look awfully smart in it. You remind me of a queen I saw in Rome. She came to the theatre. She was awfully nice to me."

A merrily chatting, the two passed down the staircase into the little panelled room where supper was laid. Gideon awaited them alone.

"Mr. Glyn couldn't come—was prevented at the last minute," he explained. And Gosseitvitsch has broken his wrist. His man just telephoned. Awkward thing for him, isn't it? But I expect he's well insured. I regret you two ladies will have to put up with me. It's too late to get any one else."

"I'm famishing," Judy replied. "I'll have some of that nice stodgy-looking pie."

Madame de Toros watched the girl narrowly, but found it difficult to analyze Judy's attitude toward Gideon. She was very amiable, in a careless way, laughing often like a merry child. She scarcely touched her champagne, but ate a great many sweets. Gideon, on the contrary, drank a great deal more, than usual.

The telephone bell rang through the flat. Gideon rose and went out.

"You're wanted, Thirza," he said to his sister, when he came back.

He accompanied her out of the room, and came back alone.

"It's my sister's husband ringing her up. He rang up at home, and they put him through here. Let me give you some of this cold soufflé."

"No, thanks—couldn't eat another crumb," Judy replied. "I must be going."

"Oh, wait a few minutes, do!"

She gave her a cigarette, lit it, and put a light to a spirit lamp on which was a Turkish coffee-pot—an elaborate thing that Judy always admired, made of copper, with gold coins let in at the lip, and a band of turquoise all round the rim.

He came and sat down next to her; she leaned her arms on the table. She was getting tired. She hoped Madame de Toros would not be long.

"Your sister asked me why you broke off your engagement," she said, for something to say.

"What did you tell her?"

"That I didn't know."

"You know very well, Judy. I did it for you."

"You never told me so."

"That wasn't necessary. You knew it all right." His voice sank. "I broke it off because I couldn't stand the girl. I was mad with love for you. And she made scenes. It cost me a pretty penny—two hundred thousand dollars I had to pay that old scoundrel, her father. Otherwise she'd have sued me."

Judy shrugged her shoulders.

"What a pot of money!" She said. "You shouldn't have been engaged if you didn't want to marry her."

"I don't want to marry anybody, Judy. It was a fool idea. I think I wanted to make you jealous."

"Oh, la, la!"

The little careless exclamation, half amused, half contemptuous, had hardly left her lips when quite suddenly, she felt that something was wrong. She did not know what. It was just a feeling.

She looked at the man by her side. There was something about his eyes that she didn't like. He was breathing heavily. One large, fleshy hand was straying on the back of her chair.

Judy knew the signs. She kept her head.

"The coffee is boiling over," she said coolly.

As he went across the room to lift the pot, dripping with the thick, brown, strong-smelling beverage, she rose from her seat and walked around the table. She did not think he was drunk, but she knew he had had enough to drink.

The flat was very silent. She strained her ears to catch his sister's voice talking to her husband over the telephone.

Gideon came toward Judy with a brimming cup.

"I thought it had to boil three times," she said.

"What does it matter?" he asked thickly.

"I like my coffee properly made, thanks," she laughed. "I won't have any. It keeps me awake, anyhow."

"It isn't a joke, Judy! You've been playing the fool with me. It's got to stop. Why did you go about with me everywhere? Why did you make me get rid of Luna Colt? Why did you drive me mad, so that I could think of nothing but you by night and day? What did you mean by it all?"

"Nothing! Nothing!"

"That won't do, Judy. You've got to mean something. Come back into the room here, and don't look at me like little wild cat."

"Unlock the door and let me go, please!" she said, making her voice wheedling, like a child.

"No, Judy. Come and be friends."

"He took a step toward her.

"I shall yell the house down," she said suddenly. The words rattled in her throat.

"Not the slightest use. There's only my man up at the top, right at the end of the corridor; and whatever he heard, he wouldn't take any notice."

The words, softly spoken and complacent, frightened her more than anything else. She backed up the stairs.

"Please unlock the door!"

"No, Judy. You wanted it this way. You've led me on; you've dangled me on a string for months. Now—now it's my turn!"

She went very cold and still. She heard him through the mist. He looked like a wild beast. She thought of him as a tiger, licking his jaws. She had seen the wild beast in him before, but never so fierce that it could not be tamed.

Fascinated, she stared at him, unable to move. He meant to make her pay!

He came up to her and put his hand on her shoulder. He was murmuring a string of words; but she did not hear one of them.

She wished that she could pray. Why had no one ever taught her to pray? Why had no one ever told her about God? She felt a dull anger against the world.

She remembered that Dan prayed. Words came to her that she had often heard him repeat. They jangled in her brain. Gideon's hoarse voice was close to her ear.

Everything was a blur, but through the gathering darkness she saw his eyes, bloodshot, covetous—the eyes of a man who will wait no longer.

Quite suddenly and simply, without meaning to, she raised her hand and made the sign of the cross. She had never done such a thing before.

It was almost like a miracle. Gideon started back as if some one had struck him a blow. He seemed to reel.

In that moment Judy got her chance. Her brain cleared. The mists were dissipated. In a flash she remembered that the hall window just near her opened upon the garden, and outside was a tiny platform from which an iron fire escape led down to the ground.

Like a cat, she sprang sideways to the window and flung it open. Before Gideon had recovered himself she had swung herself over the ledge and was clambering down the iron stairway to liberty.

Her training had stood her in good stead. She was down on the ground before the man could draw his sword.

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LOCAL FOOTBALL.

LEAGUE TO COMMENCE ON OCTOBER 4.

It was decided at a meeting of the Football League Management Committee yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the Association, to open the season on September 27 with an exhibition game between China Athletic Association, last year's champions, and a team representing the rest of the League.

It was also decided that the League will officially commence on Saturday, October 4, and a list of matches in all three divisions has been drawn up to be played off on that day, also another list for the following week.

Mr. W. E. Hollands, the Hon. Secretary of the Association, announced that eleven teams had signified their intention of participating in the first division, twelve in the second and nine in the third.

The exhibition game will be played on the Hongkong Football Club ground, Happy Valley, commencing at 5 p.m.

The following matches have been arranged for October 4:

Division I.
Royal Navy v. R.A.C. (Stadium).
Club v. China Athletic (Club).
Argyll v. Police (Sookunpoo).
South China v. Recreio (Caroline Hill).
St. Joseph's v. Kowloon (S.J.).

Division II.
Argyll v. Royal Navy (Kowloon).
St. Joseph's v. Somersets (S.J.).
Club v. University (Club).
China Athletic v. Eastern (Stadium).
South China v. Recreio (Caroline Hill).
R.A. v. Kowloon (Sookunpoo).

Division III.
China Athletic v. R.A. (Chinese, Happy Valley).
Somersets v. Fukien (S.J.).
South China v. R.A.C. (Caroline Hill).
Ewo v. R.A.S.C. (Chinese, Happy Valley).

KOWLOON FORFEIT.

WATER-POLO MATCH GIVEN TO NAVY.

Failing to produce a water-polo team last night, the Kowloon Swimming Club forfeited to the Navy, and the service men swam the length of the pool to secure the points.

A scratch team was formed which played the Navy in an unofficial game.



Talkies lisp because they are still in their infancy.

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The oldest firm of vinegar brewers in the country, Messrs. Beaufoy and Co., have just celebrated their 200th anniversary. The founder of the firm was Mark Beaufoy, who in 1730 started a gin distillery in Bristol. His portrait by Gainsborough hangs in Beaufoy House, which is beside the factory in South Lambeth-road.

It was, however, another picture which altered his whole career. He was a Quaker, and after he had successfully operated the gin distillery for some years he saw Hogarth's picture "Gin Lane," depicting the misery which excessive gin drinking produced in those days of dreadful slums. He at once stopped making gin and went to Holland to learn vinegar brewing, he then founded the business for the manufacture of malt vinegar, which is carried on to-day.

For nearly 100 years the firm had premises at Cuper's gardens, which now form the southern approach to Southwark Bridge, but they were compelled to move in 1812, when Waterloo Bridge was built. Messrs. Beaufoy then went to their present premises in South Lambeth-road.

The old house, with its cobbled carriage drive, imposing iron gates, and mounting blocks, is still to be seen, although it is hidden behind the original high wall which was there when Vauxhall was a "garden suburb."

There has been a Mark Beaufoy in practically every generation of the family in the business, but although the old Quaker founded the company, he by no means founded the family, for the Beaufoys can trace their descent back to 900 A.D., and were recently invited to Normandy to take part in the gathering of all the families who came over with the Conqueror.

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Empress of Canada Oct. 30	Nov. 2	Nov. 4	Nov. 5	Nov. 14
Empress of Russia Nov. 18	Nov. 15	Nov. 18	Nov. 20	Nov. 29
Empress of Japan Nov. 27	Dec. 3	Dec. 2	Dec. 4	Dec. 12
Empress of Asia Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 15	Dec. 18	Dec. 27
Empress of Canada Dec. 25	Dec. 28	Dec. 30	Jan. 1	Jan. 9
Empress of Russia Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 15	Jan. 24
Empress of Japan Jan. 23	Feb. 1	Feb. 3	Feb. 5	Feb. 13
Empress of Canada Mar. 12	Mar. 15	Mar. 17	Mar. 19	Mar. 27
Empress of Russia Mar. 25	Mar. 28	Mar. 31	Apr. 2	Apr. 11
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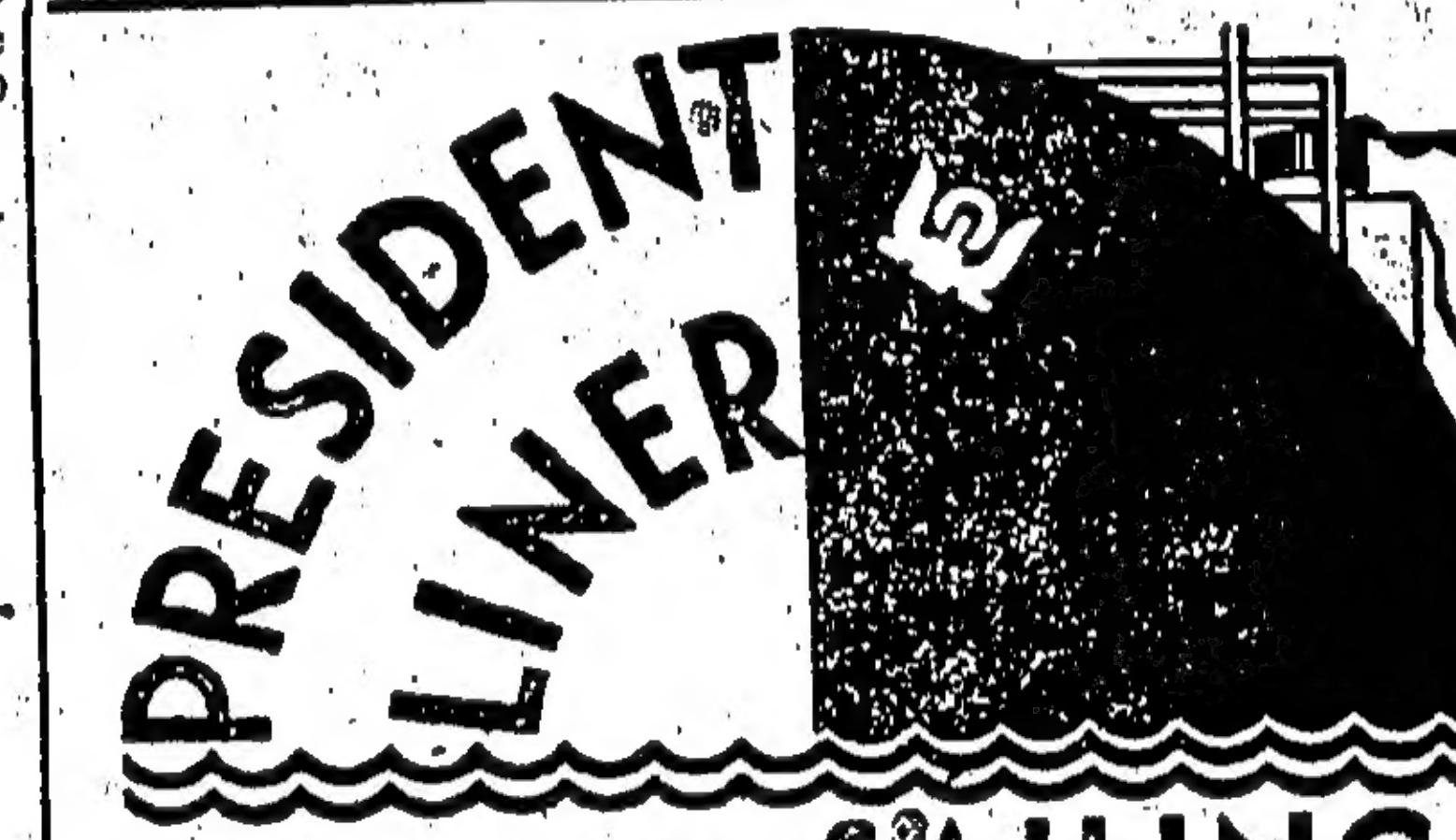
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AUTREFOIS ACQUIT.

ARGUMENT IN HEALTH BUREAU CASE.

The case was again before Mr. Butters, at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon, in which Kwok Chun-sing, Manager of the Health Service Intelligence Bureau, is charged with forging a voucher purporting to be signed by T. K. Leung, for the amount of \$520.

Other charges concerning the disposal of this sum were previously investigated by another Magistrate (Mr. Grantham), who, after hearing the evidence, acquitted Kwok of all counts.

The institution of this fresh charge of forgery turning upon an exhibit in the previous case, was met by the defence with a plea of "not guilty" and "autrefois acquit."

In reply to Mr. d'Almada's submission at the last hearing that he had no case to answer, Mr. Lo brought forward the argument of a double plea, which he maintained was not in accord with the legal authorities on the point. He said that, speaking as the solicitor for the prosecution and knowing the responsibilities attaching to that office, he did not mind if his friend were to withdraw the plea of "autrefois acquit" and plead not guilty, but he would object seriously if he (Mr. d'Almada) maintained both pleas and his Worship decided against the prosecution.

A MISDEMEANOUR.

Continuing, Mr. Lo said he would then submit that his Worship could not allow Mr. d'Almada to plead not guilty. He would further submit that his Worship had no jurisdiction to say whether there was or was not any "autrefois acquit," so long as a plea of not guilty was before him.

Mr. Lo pointed out that the charge on which the defendant was before the court was one of misdemeanour and not a felony. For the purposes of his submission, however, he did not know nor did he care whether it was a misdemeanour or a felony. His friend could have it both ways.

His Worship intimated that "autrefois acquit" would be admissible with a plea of not guilty, but not admissible with a plea of guilty.

Mr. Lo disagreed, and argued that there could not be a double plea. He quoted authorities to strengthen his argument.

Referring to Mr. d'Almada's contention that proceedings brought under the Larceny Ordinance precluded subsequent proceedings under the Forgery Ordinance, Mr. Lo said that his friend had raised that point in addition to and not as a part of his plea of "autrefois acquit."

Mr. Lo then went on to quote various instances showing which particular acquittals were bars against subsequent proceedings on the same facts and which were not, and asked whether the defendant could have been convicted on the previous occasion of the offence with which he was being charged, or was the acquittal, by some law, a bar to the present proceedings?

"My friend has produced not a single scrap of authority, in support of his proposition that the charges with which his client was charged in the previous case—twenty-two in number as they were—had in an" of them at all anything that constituted that bar."

THE SAME FACTS.

Continuing, Mr. Lo suggested that the only Section they could consider, for the discovery of this bar, was Section 74 B of the Larceny Ordinance. "The ques-

KONGMOON PROGRESS.

CONSTRUCTION OF MALOO'S AND A MARKET.

Among the many schemes that have been considered by Mayor Liang for the modernisation of Kongmoon, public works have been given most attention, and plans for the construction of the following have been drawn up:

1. The construction of the Lin-Ping Maloo, with a length of 1,000 feet, was begun last week.

2. The completion of laying the bund connecting the western sector with Sha Chai Mee, with a length of some 2,000 feet will be undertaken by contractors. The work is expected to be started next week.

3. The construction of the Kongmoon-Shuiham highway, with a length of 1,000 feet, will begin at the end of this month.

4. The construction of the dormitory of the Municipal Middle School has started.

5. The construction of the Pak-kai market will begin directly when the 18,000 dollars bonds allotted to the inhabitants are all taken up.

6. The funds for the construction of a public car station will probably be subscribed by the local motor car and bus companies, whose managers have been called by the Municipal authorities to attend a meeting for the discussion of the project.—Canton News Agency.

DID NOT APPEAR.

PORTUGUESE OFFICER AND THE COURT.

An unusual reason for failing to appear before a Magistrate was explained by Sergeant Clark on behalf of a Portuguese Officer, who did not answer his name when a charge of having driven car No. 188 along the Castle Peak Road in a dangerous manner, was called before Mr. Whyte Smith, a the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

The Officer, Mr. N. C. Sanchus, is on the Portuguese man-of-war, Adamastor. When the summons was served on him he was said to have approached Sergeant Clark and said that an Officer in the Portuguese Navy was not allowed to appear before a Magistrate on any charge. The Sergeant then informed him that he should either send a representative or appoint a solicitor.

Accordingly, when the case was called, a representative appeared, but, unfortunately, he was only able to speak Portuguese and the case could not be proceeded with.

The Magistrate fixed the case for Friday and asked the Sergeant to serve a fresh summons on the Officer.

tion your Worship will have to decide is, because he could have been convicted under that Section, that could have offered a bar to proceedings under Section 8 of the Forgery Ordinance."

Replying, Mr. d'Almada stated that his submission was definitely this, that, having elected to proceed under the Larceny Ordinance in the previous case, for larceny and misdemeanour, the complainant was precluded from bringing these present proceedings under the Forgery Ordinance.

The Same Facts.

Continuing, Mr. Lo suggested that the only Section they could consider, for the discovery of this bar, was Section 74 B of the Larceny Ordinance. "The ques-

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From MIDDLESBRO', ANTWERP, LONDON, STRAITS and MANILA.

The Steamship,

"BENREOCH"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 29th August, 1930, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 12th September, 1930, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 28th August, 1930, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB LIVINGSTON & CO. LTD.

Agents: Hongkong, 22nd August, 1930.

RADIO BROADCAST.

THE LOCAL PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY.

The following radio programme will be broadcast to-day by Z. B. W. on a wavelength of 355 metres.

6.00 p.m. European programme of Victor records selected and supplied by Mears, Tsang Fook.

Raymond-Overture (Thomas).

Victor Symphony Orch. 35024.

Rose in the End (Forster).

One Little Dream of Love (Gordon).

Kense Chemet-Vidin Solo. 1132.

I call upon thee, Jesus (Bach).

Prelude in E Flat Minor.

Philadelphia Symphony Orch. 6786.

And Scotch Songs.

Mary of Argyll.

St. Harry Lauder. 4002.

Sincerity-Waltz (Pignotoni).

Wedding of the Winds (Hall).

La Vittoria Orchestra. 35911.

Rustic of Spring (Sinding).

Rossini Bach-Piano Solo. 20121.

Rhapsody in Blue (Gershwin).

Paul Whiteman and His Orchestra. 35822.

The Flatterer (Chaminade).

Scarf Dance (Chaminade).

Hans Barth-Piano Solo. 20346.

Bird Songs at Eventide (Barrie).

The Little Silver Ring (Chaminade).

John M. Cormack. 1303.

Staccato-Caprice (Capricci).

Hungarian Rhapsody (Liszt).

Yehola Mero-Piano Solo. 1155.

Caroline-Mazurk (Ganne).

Rendez-Vous-Intermezzo (Alete).

Victor Salon Orchestra. 20430.

Cradle Song (Brahms).

Sous Le Palmier (Albeniz).

Alfred Cortot Piano Solo. 1271.

Traumerei (Schumann).

Andantino (Lemare).

Edwin H. Lamore Organ Solo. 35843.

Sylvia Ballet-Pizzicati (Delibes).

San Francisco Symphony Orch. 1166.

Intermezzo and Valse Lente.

Spanish Dances (Granados).

Vito (Popper).

Pablo Casals-Violoncello Solo. 1311.

Berceuse (Jarnopol).

Præludium (Jarnopol).

Victor Concert Orchestra. 20374.

Love me Always-Waltz (Rizzi).

Tango delle Rose (Botero).

Victoria Orchestra. V-17.

Serenata (Tosti).

Carceleras (Chapí).

CENTRAL THEATRE

Daily at 2.15, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.20 p.m.
PARAMOUNT'S SOUND SENSATION



Critics Raved! So Will You!

"One of the great pictures of the year; the greatest picture of pure action."—N. Y. EVENING WORLD.
"It was real, real—designed for another of those almost endless runs."—N. Y. JOURNAL.
"...an excellent photoplay. Artic contributes the best performance which has thus far distinguished his career."—N. Y. AMERICAN.

with
William Powell, Richard Arlen, F. W. Wray, Clive Brook and Noah Beery

THE FOUR FEATHERS

A Paramount Picture

Paramount Sound News

and

"Moon Bride Wedding"

Sound Comedy.

The Romance of "BEAU GESTE"
And the Thrills of "CHANG" combined.

Booking at Anderson's & The Theatre.
(Ticket Box telephone No. 25720)

Trial Love and True Love



ESTHER RALSTON in "Half a Bride"

WITH GARY COOPER

MAJESTIC

NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON

TO-DAY ONLY.
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.15 & 9.20 p.m.

a Paramount Picture

In the latest copy to hand of the Sydney Bulletin a photograph is given of Mr. W. K. Reynolds, well-known here as secretary of the City Hall and a keen member of the Amateur Dramatic Club. The paper states: "Mr. W. K. Reynolds is a newcomer to Melbourne, and one of our Repertory players. He made his first appearance with the Melbourne troupe in Granville Barker's 'Voysey Inheritance,' which recently had a four-nights' season at the Playhouse, and put some good char-

WOMAN CONDUCTS OWN CASE.

DENIES PARTNERSHIP
IN FIRM.

WANTS WITNESSES TO BE
SUBPOENAED.

STORY OF ENMITY.

"Witness and his father scolded me and said I was 'saucy' so I left. They rushed out of the door after me, pointed their fingers at me, and said 'we must do our utmost to get you involved so that you will not be able to get a mouthful of food,' said Mak Ying, earth-contractor, defendant in an adjourned action which was resumed before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp) in the Supreme Court this morning.

The plaintiff is the Ho Shing firm, No. 69, Des Voeux Road West, and defendants are The Ying Fat firm, No. 282 Queen's Road West, bankers and money changers, and Mak Ying, widow, an alleged partner, trading as Mak Ying-kee, earth contractor, No. 65, Second Street.

Plaintiff originally brought an action for the recovery of \$2,200 in which he succeeded, but defendant denied her responsibility to pay on the ground that she was not a partner, and the partnership issue was set down for trial.

Originally Mr. H. G. Sheldon, instructed by Mr. R. X. D'Almada, senior, of Messrs. D'Almada and Mason, was for plaintiff; while defendant was not represented, but this morning no counsel appeared and the parties conducted their own cases.

Firm Closed Down.

The son of the managing partner of the plaintiff firm gave evidence at the last hearing, when he affirmed that he was employed in the defendant firm by defendant for seven months.

Defendant denied this. She explained that she knew witness's father (plaintiff) who was in the same business as herself, an earth-contractor. She had occasion to see him on business and he asked her to patronise the Ying Fat firm, saying that he had a share in it of several thousands of dollars. She agreed to do so and his son went with her to the firm's premises to show her where they were. On arrival there she changed some money and witness went behind the counter to the rear of the premises.

One day, continued defendant, she went to the bank and found it was closed. She was told by a fok that plaintiff had removed every cash and the firm had closed down. Accordingly she went to see plaintiff on two occasions, when he told her not to worry and said that he would settle with her amicably.

Man Advises Patience.

As she did not get her money she had paid in, she went to see plaintiff a third time in the presence of witness. They both scolded her and said she was "saucy." As she left they rushed to the door, pointed their fingers at her, and threatened to get her involved so that she would not be able to get a mouthful of food.

Defendant alleged that plaintiff had paid witness \$200 but explained, in reply to his Lordship, that she could not get them to Court unless they were subpoenaed.

She went on to say that before the present action started she wanted to sue the Ying Fat firm for the recovery of her money and she entrusted the matter to a man with the surname Ho. He told her not to be in too much of a hurry so she stopped the proceedings. The documents relating to that proposed action, she said, were in possession of Ho, and she expressed a wish that he be subpoenaed.

Books Locked Up.

Defendant said that witness's evidence was not true as she had never employed him but he had merely taken her to the premises to show her where they were. She denied being a partner.

Replies to his Lordship, witness said that when the business closed down defendant had the books locked up in a safe and later removed them.

Answering further questions, witness stated that his wages were \$2 a month and the firm closed down on September 16, last year. When he paid out money he obtained small sums from the account, but when he paid out large sums he obtained it from defendant personally. He denied that he was the manager. The case is proceeding.

SINO-GERMAN AIR SCHEME.

DETAILS OF AMBITIOUS
PROJECT.

SERVICE TO EUROPE.

Nanking, Aug. 20. Important details of the ambitious contract entered into between the Ministry of Communication and the German Lufthansa Company for the operation of Sino-German air mail and passenger service, have been disclosed.

The contract, it is learned, provides for the organization of a Sino-German Aviation Corporation in accordance with Chinese law for the operation of the air lines. The Corporation is to have a capital of \$3,000,000 to be divided into 3,000 shares of \$1,000 each. The Chinese Government will hold 2,000 shares; the German Company, 1,000 shares. Within three months after the coming into force of the contract, the Chinese Government is to pay up \$200,000 of the subscribed share capital; the German Company, \$100,000. Within nine months, the German Company is to advance adequate funds for the purchase of all necessary machines and equipment, and in consideration thereof, the Sino-German Corporation is to issue to the German Company shares up to the value of the funds so advanced.

The administration of the Corporation is to be vested in a Board of nine directors, of whom six are to be nominated by the Chinese Government; three by the German Company. The Board is to have one chairman and two vice-chairmen. Under the Board, there shall be three departments; namely, business, finance and operation. The capital and other cash assets of the Corporation are to be deposited in a Chinese bank.

The Corporation is to operate the following air mail and passenger lines:

1.—Shanghai to Berlin: via Nanking, Tientsin, Peking, Manchuria, and Siberia.

2.—Shanghai to Berlin: via Nanking, Tientsin, Peking, Kulin (Outer Mongolia) and Siberia.

3.—Shanghai to Berlin: via Nanking, Sinkiang, Kansu and Siberia.—*Kuo Min*.

THE LATE DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

BURIAL IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

London, Aug. 25. The Duke of Northumberland, who died on Saturday, is to be buried in Westminster Abbey on Wednesday.

The Dukes of Northumberland have a prescriptive right to burial in the Abbey and also to the use of the great west door, which is reserved for royalty. No other family in the land has this prescriptive right, but it has not always been exercised.

The coffin will be taken through the great west door and placed in the Northumberland tomb in the Chapel of St. Nicholas.—*British Wireless*.

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SHANGHAI WEDDING.

MRS. FLUTTERER AND MR. F. H. ENGELS.

Shanghai, Aug. 25. Mrs. Rose Flutterer, a well-known local business woman, married Mr. Franz H. Engels at the German Consulate on August 23.

Our Own Correspondent.

FAIR WEATHER.

The Royal Observatory reports that pressure is relatively low near the Bonins and to the west of Korea. Pressure gradients are shallow over the China Sea. The local forecast is:—Light S. E. or variable winds; fair.

LIUYANG SEIZED BY "REDS."

5,000 BANDITS TAKE
ANOTHER CITY.

CHANGSHA FEARS ANOTHER
INVASION.

FOREIGN ANXIETY.

Hankow, Aug. 25. Some 5,000 Communist bandits, under the leadership of the notorious Chu Tak, Mo Tsak-tung and Pang Tak-wai, captured Liuyang city yesterday, to the great concern of the residents of Changsha who fear that the Communists are planning a second invasion of that city.

The proximity of Liuyang to Changsha is the reason for the great apprehension felt. Japanese sources state that General Ho Chien's troops deserted Liuyang before the Communist invasion, to the great indignation of the Changsha residents.

Trouble Feared.

All the Japanese citizens at Changsha have taken shelter in the foreign settlement. General Ho Chien, the military governor of Hunan Province, is absent from Changsha, and as a consequence the residents fear a desertion by the Government forces, as they did on the occasion of the previous attack.

General Liu Kien-shui is acting on behalf of General Ho Chien and he has announced officially that he will direct an expedition to Liuyang.

Hankow and Shanghai firms have received telegrams from their Changsha connexions advising a temporary suspension of shipments of cargo.

\$1,000,000 Fund.

The determination of the Nanking Government to eliminate the Communist hooligans in Hunan and Kiangsi is shown by the provision of \$1,000,000 to General Ho Chien, who is instructed to use the fund for a big anti-bandit campaign in Hunan, dividing the Province into six districts. Four regiments of troops have been instructed to proceed to Changsha from Hankow to assist in the war against the Communists.

The revival of Communism near Changsha is regretted by merchants here and in Shanghai, who have been looking forward with much optimism to the resumption of the river boat services plying between Shanghai, Hankow and Changsha.

Nanking's Vigilance.

The attention of the Nanking Government has been called to the serious condition on the Yangtze in a protest from foreign quarters demanding that adequate protection should be afforded to foreign life and property in Chinese territories.

In this connexion, the Nanking authorities have advised the Kwangtung Provincial Government to make a lengthy report concerning the organisation of the labour unions and all aspects of the Communist and labour movement in Canton in 1927 when the southern metropolis was invaded and devastated by Communists from the East River.

The Nanking order to Canton is interpreted as showing a desire to study the labour movement and to work out precautionary measures to prevent the labour unions from being involved in Communist activities.

Tientsin Enlistment.

According to Tientsin messages, the Shansi Government is paying particular attention to the activities of Communists and plain clothes Nanking troops, many of whom are believed to have arrived to stir up disturbances. The Shansi Government is enlisting 1,000 new Garrison troops who will be assigned to street patrol with a view to preserving peace.

Nanking's Plan.

A brief Tsingtao telegram says that Communists are stirring up trouble among the labourers, hoping to organise a general strike in the city. Nothing eventful has occurred so far and the authorities are maintaining a keen lookout.

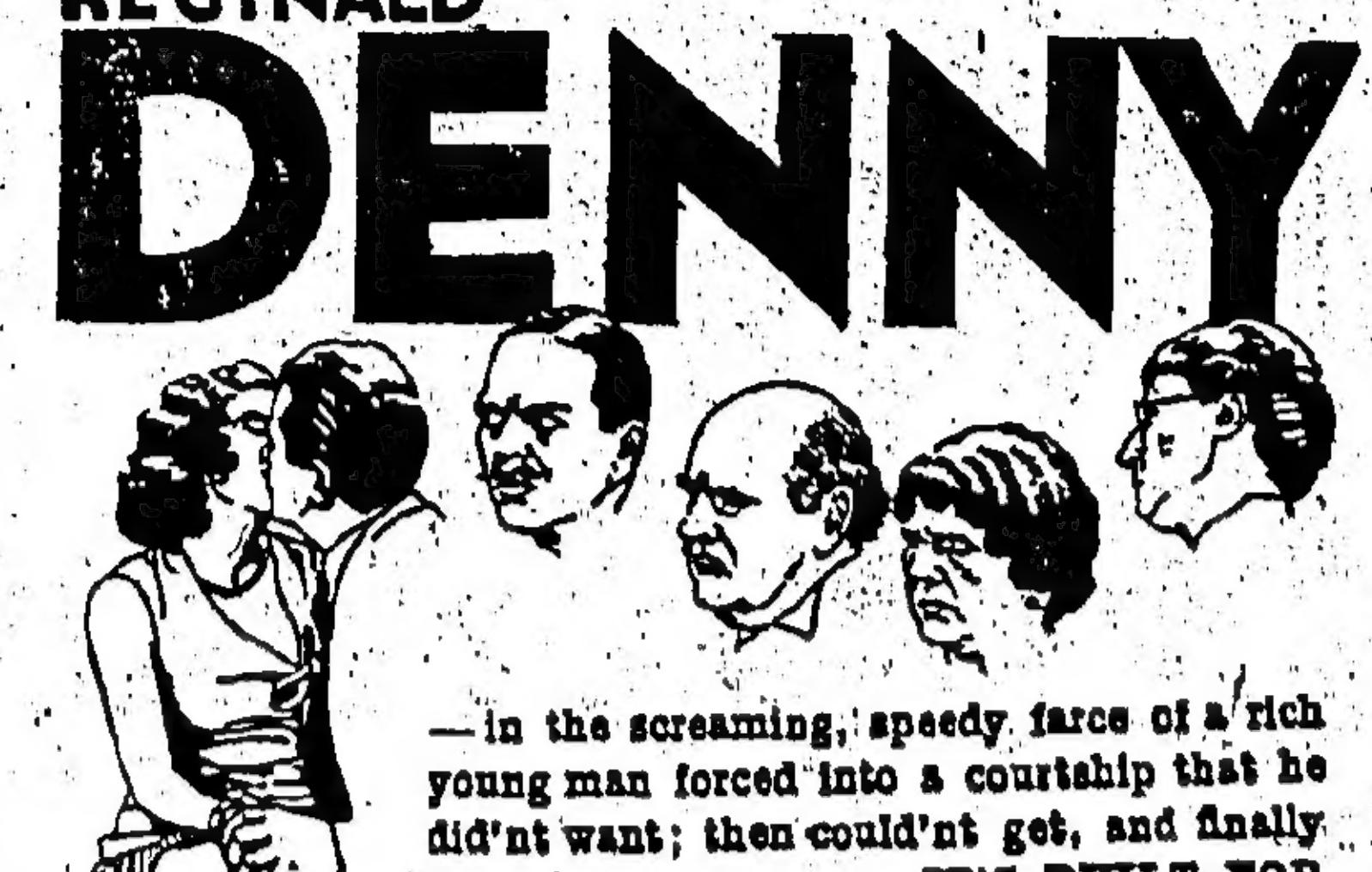
Heavy gunfire is going on across the Yellow River in the vicinity of Tsinho and Lokow.—*Reuter*.

ROOKETS OF HONGKONG

FINAL PERFORMANCE OF THE MONTMARTRE FOLLIES

AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

REGINALD DENNY



—in the screaming, speedy farce of a rich young man forced into a courtship that he didn't want; then couldnt get, and finally was glad to pursue. IT'S BUILT FOR LAUGHTER ONLY. COME!

with MERNA KENNEDY, WILLIAM AUSTIN, Greta Grandstaff, Ollie Harlan and Virginia Dale.

EMBARRASSING MOMENTS

NEWSREEL

COMEDY

FOX MOTIETONE NEWS

RACE RIOT

AT THE

QUEEN'S

Final Showings To-day
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.20.

Esther Ralston FASHIONS FOR WOMEN

RAYMOND HATTON, FINAR HANSON



AT THE

STAR

To-day & To-morrow
At 5.30 & 9.20

THE CHINESE DRAMA

The LEGENDARY VIXEN

AT THE

WORLD

To-day to Thursday
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20
Interpreter at all Performances

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